VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY

SOCIOLOGY

(Honours & General)



Under Graduate Syllabus

(3 Tier Examination Pattern) w.e.f. 2014-2015

REVISED

Vidyasagar University
Midnapore 721 102
West Bengal

Vidyasagar University

Honours Course in Sociology (Honours)

Part-I

Paper-I: Introduction to Sociology – 100 Marks
Paper-II: Western Sociological Thought – 100 Marks

Part-II

Paper-III: Sociological Theories – 100 Marks Paper-IV: Sociology of India – 100 Marks

Paper-V: Social and Sociological Thought in India – 100 Marks

Part-III

Paper-VI: Social Stratification – 100 Marks

Paper-VII: Research Methodology and Social Statistics – 100 Marks
Paper-VIII: Sociology of Gender and Social Issues – 100 Marks

Sociology (Honours) Part-I

Paper – I Full Marks - 100

(University Examination - 90 and Internal Assessment - 10)

Introduction to Sociology

100 Lectures

Group – A (Full Marks - 50)

1. Nature and scope of sociology

10 Lectures

- 1.1. The sociological perspective
- 1.2. Origins and the history of the disciplined
- 1.3. Sociology and common sense
- 1.4. Sociology as a science of society

2. Sociological concepts

10 Lectures

- 2.1. Individual and group
- 2.2. Culture
- 2.3. Socialization
- 2.4. Folkways and mores
- 2.5. Social change

3. Types of society

8 Lectures

- 3.1. Pre modern and modern society
- 3.2. Hunters and gatherers societies
- 3.3. Pastoral and agrarian society
- 3.4. Advanced industrial societies, developing societies and post-industrial society

4. Social interaction and everyday life

12 Lectures

- 4.1. The study of everyday life
- 4.2. Non verbal communication
- 4.3. Social rules and talk: face, body and speech in interaction
- 4.4. Interaction in time and space

3

4.5. Micro sociology and Macro sociology

10 Lectures 5. Theoretical Sociology 5.1. Functionalism: Functional Perspective to the study of society 5.2. Marxism: Conflict perspective to the study of society **Integrationist Perspective** 5.3. Group - B(Full Marks - 50) 6. Family and Marriage 10 Lectures 6.1. Definition of family 6.2. Types of family Violence within the families 6.3. Trends of family 6.4. 6.5. Definition of marriage and types of marriage 7. Social Control, Deviance and Crime 18 Lectures 7.1. Social control: Definition 7.2. Deviance and Crime 7.3. Institutions 8. Kinship 10 Lectures 8.1. Definition Terminology of Kinship 8.2. 8.3. Patterns of kinship 9. Ethnicity and Race 10 Lectures 9.1. Ethnicity, prejudice and discrimination 9.2. Ethnic antagonism 9.3. Ethnicity in the modern world

10. Social inequality & social movement

12 Lectures

10.1. Caste

- 10.2. Class
- 10.3. Tribe
- 10.4. Social movements
- 10.5. Collective action

Recommended Readings:

- 1. Andre Beteille, 2002, *Sociology: Essays in Approach and Method*, Oxford University Press, Chapter 1.
- 2. Peter Berger, 1963, *Invitation* to *Sociology*, Hamondsworth: Penguin, Chapter 1 & 2.
- 3. Himangshu Ghosh: *Giddens Samajtatwa* (In Bengali)
- 4. George Ritzer, 2000, *Classical Sociological Theory;* New York: Mc Graw Hill, Chap. 1.
- 5. Bierstedt, 1974, *The Social Order*, Mc Graw Hill, Part-2 Chap 2,3,4.
- 6. Ritzer, 2004, *The Mcdonaldisation of Society*, Pine Forge Press, Chap. 1,2.
- 7. Anthony Giddens, 2010, *Sociology* Polity Press.
- 8. A.R. Radcliffe Brown, 1976; *Structure and Function in Primitive Society*, Free Press, Chap 9, 10.
- 9. Tom Bottomore, 1991, *Dictionary of Marxist Thought*, Blackwell Entry on Historical Materialism.
- 10. Marx and Engels, 1998. The Communist Manifesto, Signet Classic.
- 11. Yogesh Atal: Sociology, Pearson.
- 12. Haralambous & Hallborn: Introduction of Sociology, OUP.
- 13. অনিরুদ্ধ চক্রবর্তী ও অন্যান্য : *সাম্প্রতিক সমাজতত্ত্ব*, চ্যাটার্জী পাবলিশার্স ।

Paper – II Full Marks - 100

(University Examination - 90 and internal Assessment)

Western Sociological Thought

Group – A (Full Marks - 50)

1. Historical background of Sociology

10 Lectures

- 1.1. Sociology as a new discipline
- 1.2. Impact of three revolutions The university revolution, the French revolution and the Industrial revolution.

2. Auguste Comte

10 Lectures

- 2.1. Intellectual background
- 2.2. Positivism
- 2.3. Hierarchy of sciences
- 2.4. Social statics and social dynamics
- 2.5. Laws of three stages

3. Herbert Spencer

10 Lectures

- 3.1. Intellectual background
- 3.2. Theory of evolution
- 3.3. Organicist approach
- 3.4. Typologies of societies
- 3.5. Social Darwinism

4. Emile Durkheim

10 Lectures

- 4.1. Intellectual background
- 4.2. Social fact
- 4.3. The theory of suicide
- 4.4. The division of labour
- 4.5. The theory of religion

Group - B(Full Marks - 50) 5. Karl Marx 10 Lectures 5.1. Intellectual background 5.2. Dialectical method 5.3. Historical materialism 5.4. Class and class struggle 5.5. The theory of revolution 5.6. Base-superstructure relationship 6. Vilfredo Pareto 10 Lectures 6.1 Intellectual background 6.2 Logical and non logical action 6.3 Residues and derivations 6.4 The Lion and the Foxes 6.5 The theory of elites and the circulation of elites 7. Max Weber 15 Lectures 7.1 Intellectual background 7.2 Ideal types, 7.3 Social action 7.4 Types of authority 7.5 Bureaucracy 7.6 Stratification 7.7 Protestant Ethic and the spirit of capitalism 8. George Simmel 15 Lectures

8.1 Formal sociology8.2 Individual and society8.3 concept of sociation

Recommended Readings:

- 1. Lewis Coser: Masters of Sociological Thought
- 2. Zeitlin: Ideology and Development of Sociological Theory
- 3. R. Aron: Main currents in Sociological Thought
- 4. Shovanlal Dutta Gupta and Utpal Ghosh Marxiyo Samajtatwa (In Bengali)
- 5. Santanu Ghosh: Samajtatwik Chintadhara (In Bengali)
- 6. Ashely: Sociological Theory Classical Statement, 6^{th} ed. Pearson
- 7. Ritzer: Classical Sociological Theory, Tata Mcgrow Hill
- 8. বেলা দত্তগুপ্ত অগস্ত্য তু মাক্স

Paper – III Full Marks - 100 (University of Examination - 90 and Internal Assessment - 10) **Sociological Theories** Group - A(Full Marks - 50) 1. Nature and Task of Sociological Theory: 12 Lectures 1.1 Definition 1.2 Basic elements or Building Blocks of Sociological Theory 1.3 Characteristics of Sociological Theory 2. Functional Theory: 12 Lectures 2.1. General arguments 2.2. Basic premises and propositions 2.3. Contribution of Talcott Parsons and Merton 2.4. Critical Overview 3. Conflict Theory: 12 Lectures 3.1. General arguments 3.2. Contributions of Dahrendorf and Coser 3.3. Critical Overview 4. Exchange Theory: 12 Lectures 4.1. General arguments 4.2. Contributions of Homans 4.3. Contributions of Blau

9

4.4. Critical Overview

Group – B (Full Marks - 50)

5. Symbolic Interactionism:

10 Lectures

- 5.1. General Arguments
- 5.2. Contribution of Mead
- 5.3. Contribution of Blumer

6. Critical Sociology:

10 Lectures

- 6.1. General Arguments
- 6.2. Frankfurt School: Contribution of Habermas, Adorno and Marcuse

7. Feminist Sociology:

15 Lectures

- 7.1. General Arguments: Gender, Sex and Public and Private debate
- 7.2. Stages of development of feminism
- 7.3. Varieties of Feminist Sociology

8. Post - Modern Sociology:

10 Lectures

- 8.1. General Arguments
- 8.2. Foucault, Derrida, Jameson and David Harvey
- 9. Ethnomethodology: Garfinkel

5 Lectures

Recommended Readings:

- 1. G. Ritzer: Sociological Theory
- 2. Wallace and Wolf: Contemporary Sociological Theory
- 3. J. Turner: The Structure of Sociological Theory
- 4. Sobhanlal Dutta Gupta: Marxism and Post Marxism
- 5. Amal Chattopadhyay: *Adhunikata, Uttar Adhunikata o Ekti Bikalper Anushandhan* (In Bengali)
- 6. Raman:uj Ganguly: Sqmaj Tattik Tattwa (In Bengali)

10

- 7. Judge: Foundation of Classical Sociological Theory (Person).
- 8. Adams & Sydie: Sociological Theory, Sage .
- 9. Malcom Water: Social Theory.
- 10. কৃষ্ণদাস চট্টোপাধ্যায় (সম্পাদিত) : *সমাজবিজ্ঞান : তত্ত্বনির্মাণ*, শরৎবুক হাউস
- 11. সুদর্শনা সেন ও অনিন্দ্য ভট্টাচার্য্য : সমকালীন সমাজতত্ত্ব, পিয়ারসন।
- 12. গাঙ্গুলী ও মইনুদ্দিন : সমসাময়িক সমাজতত্ত্ব, রীনা বুকস।
- 13. বাসবী চক্রবর্তী সমাজতাত্ত্বিক তত্ত্ব, সেতু প্রকাশন
- 14. চিরঞ্জীব শুর ফ্রাঙ্কফুট স্কুল বিশেষ সংখ্যা: আলোচনা চক্র।
- 15. অমল বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায় *উত্তর আধুনিকতা ও ফরাসী ভাবুক*, *এবং মুশেয়রা*।

Paper – IV Full Marks - 100

(University Examination - 90 and Internal Assessment - 10)

Sociology of India

Group A (Full Marks - 50)

1. Introduction 5 Lectures

1.1 The rise of sociology and anthropology in India

2. Nature of Indian Unity:

10 Lectures

- 2.1 Unity and diversity
- 2.2 Sources of diversity
- 2.3 Social bases of unity

3. Caste 15 Lectures

- 3.1 Definition and features
- 3.2 Persistence and change
- 3.3 Varna and Jati
- 3.4 Pollution and purity
- 3.5 Perception of dominant caste and sanskritization

4. Tribe 10 Lectures

- 4.1 Definition and characteristics
- 4.2 Major social institutions: Marriage, family and kinship
- 4.3 Economic organization
- 4.4 Political organization
- 4.5 Religion

5. Class 10 Lectures

- 5.1 Definition and features
- 5.2 Urban class structure
- 5.3 Rural class structure

12

Group	В	(Full Marks - 50)
6.	India as an object of knowledge	15 Lectures
	6.1 Introduction.	
	6.2 The colonial discourse	
	6.3 The nationalist discourse	
	6.4 Subaltern critique	
7.	Village	10 Lectures
	7.1 Village solidarity	
	7.2 Internal regulation	
8.	Power structure	15 Lectures
	8.1 Power elite in rural India	
	8.2 Panchayat and municipality	
	8.3 Local bodies and social change	
	8.4 Relationship between civil society and state in India	
9.	Social change in India	10 Lectures
	9.1 Social change and resistance	
	9.2 Westernization, modernization and industrialization	
	9.3 Role of legislation in social change	
	9.4 Urbanization	
10.	Globalization and its impact on Indian Society	10 Lectures
10.	Globalization and its impact on indian society	To Lectures
	10.1 Economy: Agriculture and industry	
	10.2 Culture	
	10.3 Policies	

Recommended Readings:

- 1. P. Uberoi et. AI. (2007): Introduction: The Professionalization of Indian Anthropology and Sociology: Peoples, Places and Institutions in Anthropology in the East: Founders of Indian Sociology and Anthropology, Delhi, Permanent Black, pp. 1-63.
- 2. A. Beteille (ed.) 1969: *Social Inequality: Selected Readings* Harmondsworth: Penguin Books, Chapter 13.
- 3. Swapan Kr. Pramanick: Sociology of G.S. Ghurye, Rawat Pub. Jaipur.
- 4. G.S. Ghurye: Caste and race in India.
- 5. M.N. Srinivas (1962): *Caste in Modem India and other Essay* Bombay, Asia Publishing House Ch.3
- 6. C.Von Furer Haimendorf (1967): "The position of the Tribal Population in India" in Philip Mason, India and Ceylon: Unity and Diversity, New York, Oxford University Press Ch 9.
- 7. V. Xaxa (1999): "The Transformation of Tribes in India: Terms of Discourse" in Economic and Political Weekly, 34(24), pp. 1519-1524.
- 8. D.N. Dhanagare(1991): *The Model of Agrarian Classes in India* in Dipankar Gupta (ed.): *Social Stratification*, Delhi, Oxford University Press P. 271-275.
- 9. Mandelbaum: Society in India (Ch. 1,3-5,8-12,20,24, 31, 32, 34)
- 10. Yogendra Singh: Modernisation of Indian Tradition (Ch. 4,5,8)
- 11. Ganguly O Moinuddin: *Shamashamayik Bharatiya Samaj*, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. Delhi (In Bengali)
- 12. S.C. Dube: *Indian Society* (ch. 2, 4)
- 13. Abhijit Pathak: *Globalization & Modernity: A Reflexive Quest.* Akar Books, New Delhi.
- 14. অনিরুদ্ধ চক্রবর্তী ও অন্যান্য : *ভারতীয় সমাজ প্রসঙ্গ*, চ্যাটার্জী পাবলিশার্স।
- 15. কৃষ্ণদাস চট্টোপাধ্যায় (সম্পাদিত) : *ভারতীয় সমাজ : কাঠামো ও প্রবাহ*; চাট্যার্জী পাবলিশার্স।

Paper – V Full Marks – 100

(University Examination - 90 Internal Assessment - 10)

Social and Sociological Thought in India

Group A (*Marks-50*) 1. Development of sociology in India: An overview **6 Lectures** 2. Benoy Kumar Sarkar 10 Lectures 2.1 Positivism 2.2 Personality 2.3 Progress 2.4 Interpretation of Indian tradition 3. G.S. Ghurye 10 Lectures 3.1 Approach to sociology 3.2 Caste and tribe 3.3 Dynamics of culture and society 3.4 Religion: Hindu & Muslim 12 Lectures 4. **D.P.** Mukerji 4.1 Personality 4.2 Methodology 4.3 Interpretation of tradition and social change in India 4.4 Middle class in India 5. N.K. Bose 12 Lectures 5.1 Approach to the study of society 5.2 Structure of Hindu society

5.3 Hindu method of tribal absorption

Group B (Marks - 50)

6. Rabindranath Tagore

15 Lectures

- 6.1 Man, society and personality
- 6.2 Nationalism & Internationalism
- 6.3 Education
- 6.4 Village community
- 6.5 Co-operative and rural development

7. M.K. Gandhi

15 Lectures

- 7.1 Critique of Western Industrialism
- 7.2 Alternative model of development
- 7.3 Village reconstruction
- 7.4 Hind swaraj and, village Republic
- 7.5 Concept of education (NaiTalim)

8. B.R. Ambedkar

10 Lectures

- 8.1 Hinduism and Buddhism
- 8.2 Critique of Vama/caste based society of India
- 8.3 Dalits and untouchability in India
- 8.4 Caste, class and democracy

9. Vivekananda

10 Lectures

- 9.1 Socialism & Revolution.
- 9.2 Personality
- 9.3 Society & Progress
- 9.4 Exploitation: & Inequality

10. Bhupendranath Dutta

10 Lectures

- 10.1 Method of Studying Indian Society
- 10.2 Religion and Society (Relation between Hinduism & Vaisnavism)

Recommended Readings:

- 1. Srinivas and Panini: Development of Sociology and Social Anthropology in India in Sociological Bulletin, 1977, No:2.
- 2. Ramkrishna Mukherjee: Sociology of Indian Sociology.
- 3. Bela Dutta Gupta: Sociology in India.
- Benoy Kumar Sarkar: Villages and Towns as Social Life (Chapter on Personality & Progress)
- 5. Swapan Kumar Bhattacharya: Indian Sociology-The Role of Benoy Kumar Sarkar.
- 6. Bholanath Bandopadhyay: *The Political Ideas of Benoy Kumar Sarkar*: and "Sociological Thinking of Benoy Kumar Sarkar" in Socialist Perspective, Vol. 6 No. 4.
- 7. D.P. Mukerji: *Diversities : Basic Concepts in Sociology.*
- 8. Surajit Sinha: Nirmal Kumar Bose (NBT).
- 9. Radharaman Chakraborty: "Tagore, Politics and Beyond" in Pantham and Deutsch (eds) Political Thought in Modem India.
- 10. M. K. Gandhi: *Hind Swaraj*.
- 11. Jayantanuj Bandopadhyay: Social and Political Thought of Gandhi.
- 12. Nirmal Kr. Bose: Studies in Gandhism.
- 13. R.N. Tagore: *Nationalism: Shabhyatar shankat, swadshi samaj, samabaya niti, upekhito palli, bharatbarshe shomobayer boishishto* (Rabindra Rachanabali), (In Bengali).
- 14. B.R. Ambedkar: Annihilation of Caste.
- 15. W.N. Kabeer DR. Ambedkar-A critical Study.
- 16. P. Uberoi et.Al. (2007) Anthropology in the East: Founders of Indian Sociology & Anthropology, Permanent Black.

- 17. কৃষ্ণদাস চট্ট্যোপাধ্যায় ও ভোলানায় বন্দোপাধ্যায় (সম্পাদিত) *ভারতীয় সমাজতাত্ত্বিক চিন্তাধারা*, শরৎ বুক হাউস।
- 18. প্রদীপ সেন, বাংলা ভাষায় সমাজবিদ্যা, চর্যাপদ পাবলিকেশন
- 19. ভূতনাথ দত্ত *বৈষ্ণব সাহিত্যে সমাজত্ত্ব*
- 20. ভূতনাথ দত্ত *প্রাচীন ভারতীয় পদ্ধতি(৩য় খণ্ড)*
- 21. সত্যব্রত চক্রবর্তী ভারতবর্ষ : রাষ্ট্রভাবনা, একুশে

Part-III

Paper – VI Full Marks - 100 (University Examination - 90 and Internal Assessment - 10) **Social Stratification** Group - A (Full Marks - 50) 1. Understanding Social Stratification: Different forms 10 Lectures 1.1 Natural inequalities and social inequalities 1.2 Hierarchy and differences 2. Approaches to study of social stratification 15 Lectures 2.1 Functionalist approach 2.2 Conflict approach 2.3 Weberian approach 2.4 Feminist approach 3. Social inclusion and social exclusion: 10 Lectures 3.1 Define social exclusion 3.2 Forms of social exclusion 3.3 Define marginality 3.4 Impact of marginality on society 3.5 Different programmes of social inclusion 3.6 Relation between social inclusion and marginality 4. Social Mobility 15 Lectures 4.1 Define social mobility 4.2 Different form of social mobility 4.3 Relation between social mobility and poverty 4.4 Relation between social mobility and education

Group – B (Full Marks - 50)

5. Social stratification, status and power

10 Lectures

- 5.1 Hierarchy of status and power
- 5.2 Caste-class-power
- 5.3 Caste-status-power

6. Caste system in India

15 Lectures

- 6.1 Origin and definition of caste
- 6.2 Features of caste system
- 6.3 Caste and politics
- 6.4 Impact of caste system in contemporary India

7. Agrarian structure

10 Lectures

- 7.1 Agrarian structure in rural India
- 7.2 Jajmani system and modern democracy
- 7.3 Changing pattern of peasantry in contemporary India

8. Rural political structure

10 Lectures

- 8.1 Traditional caste and village panchayat
- 8.2 Panchayati raj before and after 73rd Constitutional Amendment
- 8.3 Panchayati Raj and empowerment of women

Recommended readings:

- 1. A.Beteille (1983) Introduction in Andre Beteille (ed.): *Equality and Inequality:*Theory and Practice Oxford University Press, Delhi (1-27)
- 2. D. Gupta (1991) 'Hierarchy and Differences' in Dipankar Gupta (ed.): *Social Stratification* Delhi, Oxford University Press pp 1-27
- 3. D.V. Gerusky (1994): Social Stratification, Boulder: West View Press part, pp.10-34.

- 4. For Marxist Approach see Part III pp 65 78, 82.
- 5. For Weberian Approach Part III of the same book pp 112, 113-140, 141154.
- 6. For Class See Part I and III of the same book pp 65-78, 82-93.
- 7. For occupation see Part I & III of the same book pp 65-78, 204-228
- 8. R.Benedix and M. Lipset (eds.) 1966: *Class, Status and Power: Social Stratification in comparative perspective*, New York: The Free Press (Part –I)
- 9. A.Philips (Ed.) 1987: Feminism and Equality Delhi, Oxford University Press. Introduction.
- 10. Ram Ahuja. 1993. Indian Social System; Jaipur, Rawat Publications
- 11. A.R. Desai. 1979. Rural India in Transition, Bombay, Popular Prakashan
- 12. S.C.Dube. 1988. *India's changing village: Human Factor in Community Development*, Bombay, Himalayan Publishing House.
- 13. Dipankar Gupta (Ed.) 2007. *Social Stratification*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
- 14. S.R. Maheswari. 1985. Rural Development in India, New Delhi, Sage Publication.
- 15. কৃষ্ণদাস চট্ট্যোপাধ্যায় (সম্পাদিত) : *ভারতীয় সমাজ : কাঠামো ও প্রবাহ*, চ্যাটার্জী পাবলিকেশন।
- 16. Tina Uys and Sujata Patis: Exclusion, Social Capital and citizenship: Orient Blackswan.

Paper – VII Full Marks - 100

(University Examination - 90 and Internal Assessment - 10)

Group A (Full Marks - 50)

Research Methods and Social Statistics

1. Theory and Research

12 Lectures

- 1.1. Concepts, variables and propositions
- 1.2. Hypotheses: definition, types and characteristics of usable hypotheses.
- 1.3. Links between theory and research
- 1.4. Conceptualization and operationalisation
- 1.5. Qualitative and quantitative research

2. Research Design

10 Lectures

- 2.1 Stages of research
- 2.2 Types, uses and abuses of social research
- 2.3 Major steps of research design
- 2.4 Methodology versus method
- 2.5 Unit of analysis

3. Research Method

16 Lectures

- 3.1 Survey research: general components; types
- 3.2 Tools and techniques of survey research (Questionnaire and Interview)
- 3.3 Field Research: General components; observation; design, strategies; secondary analysis, participatory rural-urban appraisal.

4. Sampling 12 Lectures

- 4.1 Definition: universe, population and sampling
- 4.2 Probability and non probability sampling: typology
- 4.3 Importance of sampling in social research

5.	Statistics	5 Lectures
	5.1 Definition- Terminology arid Typology5.2 Descriptive Inferential Statistics,5.3 Place of Statistics in Social Research	
6.	Levels of Measurement	5 Lectures
	 6.1 Nominal, ordinal, interval and ratio 6.2 Continuous and discrete variables 6.3 Ratio, propitiation and percentages 6.4 Measurement and statistics 	
7.	Frequency Distribution	10 Lectures
	7.1 Grouping of Data7.2 Cumulative frequency7.3 Percentage distribution	
8.	Graphic Techniques	10 Lectures
	 8.1 Bar diagram 8.2 Pie chart 8.3 Frequency polygon and histogram 8.4 Ogive 8.5 Graphic presentation of measurement 	
9.	Measurement of Central Tendency	10 Lectures
10. Measures of Dispersion		10 Lectures
Recommended Readings:		
	1. Baker: Doing social research	
	2. F.G. Bailey: Methods of Social Research (Ch. 1,3)	

(Full Marks - 50)

Group B

- 3. Babbie: The Practice of Social Research. (Ch. 2)
- 4. N.Jayaram: Sociology: Methods & Theory (Macmillan)
- 5. Elifson & others: Fundamental of Social Statistics (Ch. 1-8).
- 6. Blalock: Social Statistics
- 7. Goon and Aich: Statistics for the Social Science
- 8. N.G.Das: Statistical Method (Vol. I) Tara Magro hill.
- 9. অমিত ভৌমিক এবং তপন ভট্টাচার্য: সামাজিক পরিসংখা, প্রগ্রেসিভ পাবলিকেশন।
- 10. কৃষ্ণদাস চট্টোপাধ্যায়, *সামাজিক গবেষণা; পদ্ধতি ও প্রক্রিয়া*, আরামবাগ বুক হাউস।
- 11. সুব্রত চ্যাটার্জী : *সামাজিক গবেষণা পদ্ধতি*।
- 12. N.G.Das: Statistical Methods (Vol. 1), (2001), Tata Mcgraw Hill
- 13. Garrett: Statistics in Educational Researcher.
- 14. Byran: Survey Research Oup.

Paper – VIII Full Marks - 100

(University Exam - 90 and Internal Assessment - 10)

Group A (Full Marks - 50)

Sociology of Gender and social Issues

1. Gendering Sociology 5 Lectures

2. Gender as a social construct

- 2.1 Sex, gender, sexuality
- 2.2 Production of masculinity and femininity
- 2.3 Debate on public and private domain

3. Theories on sexuality and subjectivity

15 Lectures

10 Lectures

- 3.1 Liberal theory
- 3.2 Radical theory
- 3.3 Psychoanalytic theory
- 3.4 Post-structuralist theory

4. Development and Indian Nation State

10 Lectures

- 4.1 Politics, five year plans and reports (towards equality)
- 4.2 Debate on land rights of women
- 4.3 Household: production and reproduction
- 4.4 Labour market: formal and informal sector and the question of gender

5. Women, employment and global economy

10 Lectures

- 5.1 Women and paid employment: capitalism and patriarchy
- 5.2 Women as unpaid labour: wages for house-work debate

Group B (Full Marks – 50)

6. Indian Social Issues 10 Lectures

- 6.1 Population 6.2 Concept & Theories (Malths & Demographic Transition) 6.3 Trends 6.4 Policy 6.5 Appraisal 7. Poverty, Unemployment & Illiteracy 10 Lectures 7.1 Definition, Causes & Consequences 8. Ecology & Environment 10 Lectures 8.1 Concept 8.2 Sustainability (Conservation, Displacement) 9. Secularism, Communalism & Regionalism 10 Lectures 9.1 Definition 9.2 Causes & Consequences (conception) 10. Domestic sphere: 10 Lectures
 - 10.1 Violence against women & children
 - 10.2 Youth aleniation
 - 10.3 Old age problem

Recommended Readings:

- 1. For gendering sociology see S. Jackson and S.Scott (eds.) 2002. *Gender: A Sociological Reader* London; Routledge. Introduction. For sex, gender and sexuality see Chapters 1, 2 and 4).
- 2. For Masculinity and Femininity see Andrea Cornwall and Lindisfarne Nancy (1994) 'Dislocating masculinity: Gender, Power and anthropology' in Cornwall and Lindisfarne (eds) *Dislacating Masculinity: Comparative ethnographies*, Routledge: London 2 New York pp 11-47.
- 3. For gender, c1a s, caste, race see S. Jackson and S.Scott (eds) 2002 *Gender: A sociological Reader*, London: Routledge. Introduction and chapters (7,9,10 and 12)
- 4. See the same book for power and subordination, Introduction and chapters 22 and 25. For family, work and property rights see chapters 13,15,20,21 & 23. And Bina Agarwal 1988 'Who sows? Who reaps? Women and Land Rights in India' *Journal of Peasand Studies* 15(4): 531-81.
- 5. Leela Dube 1996 "Caste and Women" in M.N. Srinivas (ed.) *Caste: Its twentieth century avatar*, N.Delhi Viking Penguin.
- 6. Angela Y. Davis 1981 *Women, Race & Class,* Women's Press, chapters (2 and \$)
- 7. For Resistance and Movements see Deniz Kandiyoti 1991 'Bargaining with patriarchy' in Judith Lorber and Susan A. Farrell (eds.) *The Social Construction of Gender*, New Delhi: Sage Publication pp. 104-118.
- 8. Chandra Talpade Mohanty, 1991: 'Cartographies of Struggle: Third world women and the politics of Feminism, in Chandra Mohanty and others (Eds.) *Third World Women and the Politics of Feminism*, Bloomington: Indiana University Press.

- 9. For debate on Public and Private domain.
- 10. Partha Chatterjee Nation and its fragments, OUP, New Delhi.
- 11. J. Ghosh, 2009. *Never done and poorly paid: Women's work in Globalising India*, New Delhi: Women Unlimited (For Women employment and global economy).
- 12. Jane Freedman. 2002. *Feminism*, New Delhi: Viva Books (For Gender and citizenship and women employment [Pg 41-42, 47-53]
- 13. N. Kabeer. 1995. Reversed Realities, London: Verso
- 14. K.Kapadia (Ed.) 2002. Violence of development: the politics of Identity, gender and social inequalities in India: New Delhi: Zubaan
- 15. N. Menon (Ed.) 1999. *Gender and Politics in India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 16. N.Viswanathan et at. (Eds). 1997. *The Women, Gender and Development Reader*, New Delhi: Zubaan.
- 17. A.M. Saba: Writings of A.M. shah, Orient Blackswan.
- 18. Sinha & Zakari : Elements of Demography
- 19. Esanul Haque: Social Demography
- 20. Ram Ahuja: Indian Social Problems, Rawat Pub.
- 21. বাসবী চক্রবর্তী (সম্পাদিত): নারী পৃথিবী, বহুস্বর, উর্মী প্রকাশনী।
- 22. রাজ্যস্বী বসু ও বাসবী চক্রবর্তী: প্রসঙ্গ মানবী বিদ্যা, উর্মী প্রকাশনী।
- 23. রাজশ্রী বস : নারীবাদ, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ রাজ্য পুস্তক পর্যদ।
- 24. শেফালী মৈত্র : নারীবাদ ও নৈতিকতা।
- 25. বাসবী চক্রবর্তী: সাম্প্রতিক সামাজিক সমস্যা, উর্মী প্রকাশনী।
- 26. অনিরুদ্ধ চক্রবর্তী: সামাজিক সমস্যা, চ্যাটার্জ্জী পাবলিকেশন।

VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY

SOCIOLOGY (General)

Total Marks: 400

Part - I (Total Marks - 100)

Paper - I: Introductory Sociology : 100 Marks

Part - II (Total Marks - 200)

Paper - II: Sociological Thought : 100 Marks

Paper- III: Society in India : 100 Marks

Part - III (Total Marks -100)

Paper - IV: Indian Social Issues : 100 Marks

Sociology (General)

Part-I

Paper - I: Introductory Sociology

100 Lectures

(University Examination - 90 & Internal Assessment - 10)

Group – A (Full Marks - 50)

1. Nature and scope of Sociology:

10 Lectures

- 1.1. Definition, nature and subject matter of sociology
- 1.2. Scope of sociology
- 1.3. Sociology as a science
- 1.4. Relationship of sociology with other social sciences: Political Science, Economics, Social Anthropology, History and social Psychology.

2. Sociological concepts:

10 Lectures

- 2.1 Society as a process and as a structure
- 2.2 Community
- 2.3 Association
- 2.4 Institution
- 2.5 Organization
- 2.6 Culture and Civilization
- 2.7 Folkways and Mores
- 2.8 Customs
- 2.9 Norm and value
- 2.10 Role and status
- 2.11 Social Order

3. Personality and Socialization:

10 Lectures

- 3.1 Definition and traits of personality
- 3.2 Relative role of heredity and environment in the development of personality
- 3.3 Meaning and agencies of socialization
- 3.4 Importance of socialization
- 3.5 Process of socialization

3.6 Deprived socialization

4. Social Groups:

10 Lectures

- 4.1 Definition and characteristics:
- 4.2 Factors of group life
- 4.3 Importance of social groups
- 4.4 Types of social groups (a) primary and secondary groups, (b) formal and informal groups, (c) in-group and out-group, (d) Reference group (e) quasi group (f) Organized and unorganized group

5. Social processes:

10 Lectures

- 5.1 Social Interaction: Meaning and definition
- 5.2 Nature of social interaction
- 5.3 Forms of social interaction: Cooperation, competition, conflict, accommodation, exchange, assimilation, acculturation.

Group – B (Full Marks - 50)

1. Social Stratification:

10 Lectures

- 1.1. Meaning and characteristics
- 1.2. Dimensions of stratification
- 1.3. Forms of stratification (a) Estate (b) class (c) caste (d) slavery (e) status (f) social mobility horizontal and vertical
- 1.4. Social inequality

2. Institution: 8 Lectures

- 2.1 Definition
- 2.2 Interrelationship among educational and religious institutions: familial, economic, political,

3. Family: 12 Lectures

- 3.1 Definition
- 3.2 Forms of family
- 3.3 Structure and functions of family
- 3.4 Types of family
- 3.5 Changing dimension of family pattern
- 3.6 Marriage and kinship in India
- 3.7 Family disorganization

4. Social Control: 10 Lectures

- 4.1 Meaning and nature
- 4.2 Significance of social control
- 4.3 Agencies of Social control: religion, education, law and mass media.
- 4.4 Types of social control: formal and informal
- 4.5 Conformity and deviance

5. Social Change:

10 Lectures

- 5.1 Definition, nature and characteristics
- 5.2 Causes of social change
- 5.3 Sources of social change
- 5.4 Factors of social change
- 5.5 Social change, social evolution and social progress
- 5.6 Concept of cultural lag

Recommended Readings:

References:

- 1. R. M. MacIver and Page: Society: An Introductory Analysis.
- 2. M.Francis Abraham: Contemporary Sociology
- 3. P.Gisbert: Fundamentals of Sociology
- 4. Peter Worsley: Introducing Sociology

- 5. T.B. Bottomore: Sociology
- 6. Giddens: Sociology
- 7. Alex Inkeles: What is Sociology?
- 8. G.Rocher: A general introduction to Sociology
- 9. Haralambos and Herald: Sociology Themes and perspectives
- 10. Yogesh Atal: Sociology, Pearson.
- 11. গাঙ্গুলি ও মইনুদ্দিন : *সমসাময়িক সমাজতত্ত্ব*, রীনা বুকস।
- 12. পার্থ সারথি দে: *সমাজতত্ত্বের ইতিবৃত্ত*, পিয়ারসন।
- 13. অনিরুদ্ধ চক্রবর্তী : *সাম্প্রতিক সমাজতত্ত্ব*, চ্যাচার্জ্জী পাবলিকেশন ।

PART-II

Paper-II Full Marks -100 (University Exam -90 & Internal Assessment -10)

Sociological Thought

Group A Full Marks - 50

1. Emergence and development of sociology:

10 Lectures

- 1.1 Historical background of the emergence of sociology as a new discipline.
- 1.2 Transition from social philosophical thought to sociological thought.
- 1.3 Development of sociological thought in India A brief account.

2. Auguste Comte:

20 Lectures

- 2.1 Law of three stages
- 2.2 Positivism
- 2.3 Hierarchy of sciences
- 2.4 Social statics and social dynamics

3. Herbert Spencer:

10 Lectures

- 3.1 Intellectual background
- 3.2 Organic analogy
- 3.3 Theory of social evolution
- 3.4 Ideas of laissez faire

Group B:

Full Marks – 50 marks

4. Emile Durkheim:

20 Lectures

- 4.1 Intellectual background
- 4.2 Concept of society as sui generis
- 4.3 Social fact,
- 4.4 Division of labour
- 4.5 Suicide
- 4.6 Religion

5. Karl Marx: 20 Lectures

- 5.1 Intellectual Background
- 5.2 Dialectical-historical materialism
- 5.3 Class and class struggle
- 5.4 Social change

6. Max Weber:

20 Lectures

- 6.1 Intellectual background
- 6.2 Ideal types
- 6.3 Social actions
- 6.4 Types of authority:
- 6.5 Bureaucracies
- 6.6 Protestant ethic and the spirit of capitalism

Recommended Readings:

- 1. Abraham and Morgan sociological thought
- 2. Lewis A. Coser Masters of Sociological Thought
- 3. Bela Dutta gupta Sociology in India
- 4. A. Swingewood A Short History of Sociological Thought
- 5. George Ritzer Classical Sociological Theory
- 6. H.E. Barnes Introduction to History of Sociology
- 7. শান্তনু ঘোষ সমাজতাত্ত্বিক চিন্তাধারা, চ্যাটার্জী পাবলিশার্স।

Paper – III Full Marks - 100

(University Examination - 90 and Internal Assessment - 10)

Society in India/Indian Society

Group – A Full Marks – 50

1. Society in Pre-British India:

10 Lectures

- 1.1. Indian Feudalism
- 1.2. Land ownership pattern
- 1.3. Self sufficient village economy
- 1.4. Jajmani System

2. Impact of British rule on Indian Society:

2.1 Transformation of Indian agriculture:

10 Lectures

- 2.1.1 Introduction of private property
- 2.1.2 New land revenue system
- 2.1.3 Commercialization of agriculture
- 2.2 Breakdowns of traditional Indian villages
- 2.3 Growth of poverty and rural indebtedness
- 2.4 Rise of new social classes (rural and urban)
- 2.5 Decline of town handicrafts and village artisan industries
- 2.6 Westernization

3. Society in Modern India:

10 Lectures

- 3.1 Unity and diversity in Indian society
- 3.2 Problems of national integration
- 3.3 Impact of west and modernization in India;

4. Rural development in India:

10 Lectures

- 4.1 Meaning and strategies of rural development
- 4.2 Panchayati raj
- 4.3 Decentralized governance
- 4.4 Role of panchayat in rural development with special reference to west Bengal
- 4.5 Land reform programmes with special reference to west Bengal

36

5. Industrialization and urbanization:

10 Lectures

- 5.1 Meaning of industrialization
- 5.2 Meaning of urbanization
- 5.3 Impact of west in industrialization and urbanization
- 5.4 Industrialization and urbanization in modern India: their social effects

Group B

(Full Marks - 50)

6. Family:

10 Lectures

- 6.1 Family, marriage and kinship patterns in Indian society.
- 6.2 Causes and consequences of changing family and marriage pattern in modem India
- 6.3 Inter-caste marriage
- 6.4 Divorce in marriage

7. Caste System:

10 Lectures

- 7.1 Meaning and features
- 7.2 Changing dimension of caste system
- 7.3 Social mobility in the caste system: sanskritization
- 7.4 Caste conflict
- 7.5 Caste dynamics
- 7.6 Caste and class

8. Tribe:

10 Lectures

- 8.1 Meaning and features
- 8.2 Development strategies for their upliftment
- 8.3 Reservation policy

9. Religion:

10 Lectures

- 9.1 Meaning
- 9.2 Recent trends in religion: secularization
- 9.3 Communalism
- 9.4 Religions in India

10. Status of women:

10 Lectures

10.1 Position of women in India

- 10.2 Rights of women
- 10.3 Changing status of women
- 10.4 Role conflict of women/ dual role of working women

Recommended readings:

- 1. Ram Ahuja: Indian Social System.
- 2. A. R. Desai: Social Background of Indian Nationalism.
- 3. A.R. Desai Rural sociology in India
- 4. M.N. Srinivas: Social change in India
- 5. S.C. Dube: *Indian society*
- 6. P.C. Deb Rural sociology An introduction
- 7. David Mandelbaum Society in India, Popular Prakashan.
- 8. গাঙ্গুলি ও মইনুদ্দিন সমসাময়িক ভারতীয় সমাজ, PHI.
- 9. কৃষ্ণদাস চ্যাট্টার্জী (সম্পাদিত) : *ভারতীয় সমাজ : কাঠামো ও প্রবাহ*, চ্যাটার্জী পাবলিশার্স।
- 10. অনিরুদ্ধ চৌধুরী *ভারতীয় সমাজ প্রসঙ্গ*, চ্যাটার্জী পাবলিশার্স।
- 11. এস. সি. ডুবে *ভারতীয় সমাজ*, N.B.T.

Paper-IV Full Marks -100

(University Examination - 90 & Internal Assessment - 10)

Indian Social Issues

Group A (Full Marks - 50)

1. Rural sociology:

10 Lectures

- 1.1 Definition and scope
- 1.2 Importance and significance of studying Rural Sociology in India.

2. Village Studies:

10 Lectures

- 2.1 Importance and significance of village studies in India
- 2.2 Village studies: M. N. Srinivas, S. C. Duse, R. K. Mukherjee, Yogesh Atal
- 2.3 Problems of undertaking village studies in India.

3. Population study:

10 Lectures

- 3.1 Fertility, mortality and migration
- 3.2 Social and cultural factors affecting fertility in developing countries
- 3.3 Population explosion: causes and consequences
- 3.4 Problem of poverty and unemployment

4. Social movements:

10 Lectures

- 4.1 Meaning of social movement.
- 4.2 Peasant movement
- 4.3 Dalit movement
- 4.4 Women's movement

Group B (Full marks - 50)

5. Social disorganization:

10 Lectures

- 5.1 Meaning of social disorganization
- 5.2 Characteristics of social disorganization
- 5.3 Causes of social disorganization
- 5.4 Deviant behaviour

6. Social problems in India:

- 6.1 Sociological approach to social problems;
- 6.2 Definition and nature of social problems in India;
- 6.3 Juvenile delinquency
- 6.4 Old-age problem
- 6.5 Drug and addiction
- 6.6 Illiteracy

7. Environmental problem:

- 7.1 Meaning and nature of environment and ecology
- 7.2 Environment crisis and awareness
- 7.3 Steps in tackling environmental crisis
- 7.4 Nature of environmental problem in India
- 7.5 Environmental movement in India

8. Women's problem:

- 8.1 Violence against women
- 8.2 Dowry
- 8.3 Divorce

Recommended readings:

- 1. B.K. Nagla: Indian Sociological Thought
- 2. Ram Ahuja: Social Problems in India
- 3. G. Forbes:, Women in Modem India.
- 4. Bela Dutta Gupta: Contemporary Social Problems in India
- 5. G.R. Madan: Indian Social Problems, 2 volumes
- 6. B. Kuppuswami: Social Change in India
- 7. M.S.A. Rao Social Movements in India.
- 8. Ghanashyam Shah Social Movements in India, Sage.
- 9. বাসবী চক্রবর্তী *ভারতীয় সামাজিক সমস্যা*, উর্মি প্রকা**শ**নী।

10 Lectures

10 Lectures

10 Lectures

- কৃষ্ণদাস চট্টোপাধ্যায় ও ভোলানাথ বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায় (সম্পাদিত)- ভারতীয় সমাজতাত্ত্বিক চিন্তাধারা,
 চলভান্ত বুকস।
- 11. কৃষ্ণদাস চটোপাধ্যায় ও অনিরুদ্ধ চৌধুরী (সম্পাদিত) *ভারতের সামাজিক আন্দোলন*, শরৎ বুক হাউস।
- 12. অনিরুদ্ধ চৌধুরী *ভারতের সামাজিক সমস্যা*, চ্যাটার্জী পাবলিশার্স।