

The SYLLABUS for POST- GRADUATE Courses in Political Science

Under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) (Semester Programme)

[w. e. f. 2018-19 session]

COURSE STRUCTURE OF M.A. IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

SEMESTER	COURSE NO.	COURSE TITLES	FULL MARKS	Credit
	PLS 101	WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT	50	6
	PLS 102	MODERN INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT	50	6
	PLS 103	POLITICS IN INDIA (CONCEPT AND PROCESS)	50	6
I	PLS 104	POLITICS IN INDIA (ISSUES AND CHALLENGES)	50	6
	PLS 105	COMPARATIVE POLITICS AND POLITICAL ANALYSIS	50	6
		TOTAL	250	30
	PLS 201	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS(THEORIES AND ISSUES)	50	6
	PLS 202	INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS :INSTITUTIONS AND PROCESSES	50	6
П	PLS 203	RURAL SOCIETY, POLITICS AND ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA	50	6
	C-PLS 204	INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNMENT (CBCS)	50	4
	PLS 205	MODERN STATE AND ITS CONTEMPORARY CHALLENGES	50	6
		TOTAL	250	28
	PLS 301	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND INDIAN PRACTICES	50	6
	PLS 302	LIBERAL POLITICAL THEORIES	50	6
	PLS 303	MARXIST AND RADICAL THEORIES: CONTEMPORARY TRENDS	50	6
III	C-PLS 304	POLITICS IN THE CONTEMPORARY WORLD (ISSUES AND INSTITUTION) (CBCS)	50	4
	PLS 305	RESEARCH MEHODOLOGY	50	6
		TOTAL	250	28
IV	PLS 401	MAJOR POLITICAL THINKERS: TEXTUAL READINGS	50	6
	PLS 402	DISSERTATION AND VIVA	50	6
		SPECIAL PAPER(LGP OR SPSA)		
		LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS(LGP)		
	PLS 403A	LOCAL GOVERNMENTS: CONCEPTS AND THEORIES	50	6
	PLS 404A	LOCAL GOVERNMENTS: ISSUES AND PROBLEMS	50	6
	PLS 405A	LOCAL GOVERNACE IN INDIA (WITH SPECIAL EMPHASIS	50	
		ON WEST BENGAL)		
		SOCIETY AND POLITICS IN SOUTH ASIA(SPSA)		,
	PLS 403B	MAJOR ISSUES IN SOUTH ASIAN POLITICS	50	6
	PLS 404B	CIVIL SOCIETY IN SOUTH ASIA	50 50	6
	PLS 405C	SOCIAL AND POLITICAL MOVEMENTS IN SOUTH ASIA	250	6 30
		TOTAL ALL TOTAL	1000	116
		ALL TOTAL	1000	110

Full Marks, 50 = END SEMESTER EXAMINATION (40) + INTERNAL ASSESSMENT (10)

Subject Outcome

The latest syllabus of the Department of Political Science was adopted with effect from 2018-2019 session. It provides the students with an intensive and extensive knowledge in the domain of theory and practices of Political Science at the local, state, national and global levels. The programme is designed in such a way which brings out the best potentials of the students; encourages them to take part in the social and political life of the nation in a meaningful and responsible manner; and also enables them to get employment in various important sectors, such as teaching, administration, journalism, and media and also in society-centric NGOs. The programme also encourages the young learners of the department to develop critical intellectual perceptions towards the issue of politics and welfare of the people.

FIRST SEMESTER Course No: PLS-101 WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT

[Group-A]

1.	The Enlightenment: Background and significance.	80
2	Responses to Enlightenment: Rousseau and Kant.	06
3.	Hegel: Dialectical Relationship between Family, Civil	08
	Society and the State.	
4.	Nietzsche: An Overview of his political philosophy.	06
	[Group-B]	
5.	[Group-B] Western Marxism: Intellectual Background.	06
5.6.	• •	06 08

Post-modernism: Background, Main Arguments and contemporary debates.

8. Post-Marxism: Laclau and Negri. 06

Recommended Readings:

AllexCallinicos, Against Postmodernism

David Stove, On Enlightenment

Immanuel Kant, An Answer to the Question: What Is Enlightenment?

NeeraChandhoke, State and Civil Society: Explorations in Political Theory

David McIellan, Marxism after Marx

Christopher Butler, Postmodernism: A Very Short Introduction

Fredric Jameson, Postmodernism

Perry Anderson, The Origins of Postmodernity: Considerations on Western Marxism

RazmigKeucheyan, The Left Hemisphere: Mapping Critical Theory Today

J. G. Merquior, Western Marxism

Course Outcome: The course is designed to make students familiar with the field of western political thought from enlightenment to post Marxist thought and philosophy.

COURSE NO: PLS-102 MODERN INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

[GROUP-A]

No. of Classes

1. Bankim Chandra, Vivekananda and Tilak: Nationalist ideas 10

2. Savarkar and Golwalkar: Ideology of Hindu nationalism 06

- 3. JyotibaPhule and B.R.Ambedkar: Caste, social reform and 06 narionalism
- 4. Gandhi: Critique of modern civilization theory of non- 08 violence and *satyagraha* concept of the state and enlightened anarchy theory of trusteeship.

[GROUP-B]

		No. of Classes
5.	Tagore: Idea of Atmashakti - Critique of Nationalism and the	80
	notion of Cosmopolitanism	
6.	Jawaharlal Nehru: concepts of socialism, development and	06
	planning.	
7.	Subhaschandra Bose: his notion of Socialism, concepts of	80
	planning and reconstruction.	
8.	Iqbal and Azad: Liberal and secular trends.	10

Recommended Readings:

BimanBehariMazumdar, History of Indian Social and Political Ideas: From Rammohun to Dayananda

Partha Chatterjee, Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World

Harihar Bhattacharyya (ed.), *Indian Political Thought and Movements*

Thomas Pantham and Kenneth Deutsch (eds.), Political Thought in Modern India.

V.R. Mehta, Foundations of Indian political Thought

SibajiPratimBasu, The Poet and the Mahatma: Engagement with Nationalism and Internationalism

TarunKumar Banerjee and DebeshRoychoudhary (eds), Colonial India: Ideas and Movement.

JayantanujaBandopadhyay, Social and Political Thought of Gandhi.

Bhikhu Parekh, Gandhi's Political Philosophy: A Critical Examination.

Buddhadeva Bhattacharyya, Evolution of the Political Philosophy of Gandhi.

Raghavan N. Iyer, The Moral and Political Writings of Gandhi

DhananjayKeer, Dr BabasahebAmbedkar: Life and Mission

DhananjayKeer, Mahatma JyotiraoPhule

Course Outcome: This course aims to acquaint the students with the nationalist idea and thoughts of the great personalities from Bankimchanrda Chattopadhyay to Iqbal and Maulana Azad.

COURSE NO: PLS- 103 POLITICS IN INDIA(Concept and Process)

[GROUP-A]

1.	Political Development in India: state, civil society and its institutions.	Classes 05
2.	Approaches to the study of the Indian state.	08
3.	Indian democracy at the crossroads: successes and failures.	10
4.	Federal process in India: dynamics, emergent issues and	07
	trends.	

[GROUP-B]

		No. of Classes
5.	Party system in India: changing nature – the politics of	80
	coalition.	
6.	Political economy of development- agrarian and industrial	10
	strategies-politics of planning-political implications of	
	economic liberalization.	
7.	Media and politics in India.	05
8.	Politics of environment – the concept of alternative	07
	development.	

NIa af

Recommended Readings:

Rudolph and Rudolph, In Pursuit of Lakhmi

AtulKohli, Democracy and Discontent

ZoyaHasan (ed.), Politics and the State in India

Rajeev Bhargava, Secularism and its Critics

Rajni Kothari, Politics in India

Rajni Kothari, Caste in Indian Politics

SudiptaKaviraj (ed.), Politics in India

Partha Chatterjee (ed.), State and Politics

Rakhahari Chatterjee (ed.), Politics India: State Society Interface (Revised Edition)

Paul R. Brass, Politics of India since Independence

RanabirSamadder, The Politics of Autonomy: Indian Experience

Ghanashyam Shah, Social Movements and the State

Rahul Kabiraj and Suratha Kumar Malik, BJP, RSS and the Indian Politics

Course Outcome: This course intends to understand Indian politics in terms of theoretical, sociological and economic dimensions.

COURSE NO: PLS-104 POLITICS IN INDIA (Issues and Challenges)

GROUP-A

No. of Classes 1. Religion in Indian politics: communalism - meaning and 10 nature; Theorising communalism: different perspectives; construction of a secular ideology in the Indian context: emerging issues. 2. Identity politics in India: Caste, Tribe, Minority, Gender - the 10 issue of Reservation. 3. Language Question and Indian Politics: Key issues. 06

6

GROUP-B

		No. of Classes
5.	Politics of regionalism: Conceptual issues – typologies –	80
	different perspectives – select case studies.	
6.	State politics in India: emerging trends – State Politics in West	80
	Bengal:key issues.	
7.	NGOs and Politics in India: Emerging Issues.	04
8.	'New Social Movements' in India: Select case studies.	10

Recommended readings:

Ashutosh Kumar, Rethinking State Politics in India: Regions within Regions

BabulalFadia, State Politics in India

Bipan Chandra, Communalism in Modern India

K.S. Singh, Tribal Politics in India

ParthaChaterjee (ed.) State and Politics in India

Rajeev Bhargava, Secularism and Its Critique

Rajni Kothari, Caste in Indian Politics

Rajni Kothari, *Politics in India*

Rakhahari Chatterjee (ed.) Politics India: State Society Interface

T.V. Satyamurthy (ed.) Region, Religion, Caste and Gender in Contemporary India

Rajendra Singh, Social Movements Old and New: A Post-Modernist Critique

SabyasachiBasu Ray Chaudhury and IshitaDey, Sustainability of Rights after

Globalisation

Course Outcome: The course is designed to understand contemporary issues and challenges in Indian Politics.

COURSE NO: PLS-105 COMPARATIVE POLITICS AND POLITICAL ANALYSIS [GROUP-A]

- Development of Comparative Politics as an academic discipline- Comparative Government and Comparative Politics.
- 2. Comparative Politics: Nature and Scope.
- 3. Methods of Comparison.
- 4. Approaches to the Study of Comparative Politics: Structural Functionalism, Systems Analysis and Institutionalism.

[GROUP-B]

- 5. Political Development and Political Modernisation.
- 6. Comparing Organs of Government: Legislature, Executive and Judiciary.
- 7. Political Parties and Interest Group Politics.
- 8. Political Institutions and Legitimacy.

Recommended Readings:

Rod Hague, Martin Harrop and Shaun Breslin, *Comparative Government and Politics:*An Introduction

Daniele Caramani, Comparative Politics

B. Guy Peters, Comparative Politics: Theory and Methods

Allan Larson, Comparative Political Analysis

Jan-Erik Lane and SvanteErrsson, Comparative Politics: An Introduction to New Approach

Gabrielle Almond et al, Comparative Politics Today: A World View

December Green and Laura Luckermann, Comparative Politics of the Third world: Linking Concepts and Cases

Rakhahari Chatterjee, Comparative Political Analysis

Gabriel Almond and Bingham Powell, Comparative Politics: A Developmental Approach

David Apter, Politics of Modernization

Gabriel Almond and Sidney Verba, Civic Culture

Course Outcome: The course encourages comprehensive understanding of politics in comparative terms with emphases on approaches and methodologies.

COURSE NO: PLS-201 INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS (THEORIES AND ISSUES)

[GROUP-A]

1.	Development of International Relations as an academic	No. of Classes 06
	discipline.	
2.	Theories and Approaches: Liberal Idealism to Neo-Liberalism;	12
	Realism to Neo-Realism; International Political Economy.	
3.	Methodological debates: traditionalismvs. behaviouralism.	06
4.	Postmodernism and Constructivism.	06

[GROUP-B]

No. of

5.	Disarmament and World Peace-major Disarmament Efforts	Classes 10
	since World War II; Problems of Nuclear Proliferation.	
6.	Globalization: concept and debates.	06
7.	Human Rights, Environment, Terrorism: current concerns.	10
8.	Communications and Information Revolution and its Impact on	04
	International Relations and Institutions.	

Recommended Readings:

John Baylis& Steve Smith, The Globalization of world Politics

Scott Burchillet. al. (eds.), Theories of International Relations Second Edition

Raj Kumar Kothari, From Communism to Democratic Freedom: Perestroika and New Thinking of Mikhail Gorbachev

Raj Kumar Kothari (ed.), Emerging India as a Growing Player: Growing Ties and Challenges

Madhuchanda Ghosh and Raj Kumar Kothari (ed.), US Policy toward China, Japan and India

B.N.Mehrish, The United Nations in the New Millennium

Harsh Pant, India's Foreign Policy in a Unipolar World

RumkiBasu, The United Nations

Cox and Stokes, US Foreign Policy

Peter Calvocoressi, World Politics

SumitGanguly, India's Foreign Policy: Retrospect and Prospect

Aneek Chatterjee, Neighbours, Major Powers and India's Foreign Policy

Course Outcome: The course aims to make the students familiar with important theories and approaches; methodological debates and important issues in the field of international relations.

COURSE NO: PLS-202 INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS: INSTITUTIONS AND PROCESSES

[GROUP-A]

- 1. Changing role of the United Nations: Role of the Specialized Agencies. 07
- Multinational / Transnational Actors in World Politics- Role of IMF; 07
 World Bank; and WTO.
- 3. Regional organizations: SAARC; ASEAN; and the (EU) European 09 Union.
- 4. Regional Issues: (a) Middle East and the Palestine Question; (b) 07 Central Asia and the 'great game'.

[GROUP-B]

Foreign Policy of the Major Powers: USA, Russia and China.
 BRICS and SCO in the New World Order.
 India's Foreign Policy: Contemporary Debates.
 India & her Neighbours: select states.

Recommended Readings:

B. N. Mehrish, *The United Nations in the New Millennium: A Changing Scenario*Johan Baylis and Steve Smith, *The Globalization of World Politics*

Llod Pettiford, Foreign Policies of the Major Powers

Harsh V. Pant, Contemporary Debates on India's Foreign Policy

David M Malone and others (ed.), The Oxford Handbook of Indian Foreign Policy

Raj Kumar Kothari (ed.), Emerging India as a Global Player: Growing Ties and Challenges

Madhuchanda Ghosh and others (ed.), US Policy towards China, India and Japan

NandanUnnikrishnan and Samir Saran, BRIC in the New World Order

TapanBiswal (ed.), International Relations

Sushir Kumar Singh (ed.), Post 9\11 Indian Foreign Policy: Challenges and Opportunities

Course Outcome: The course is designed to make students familiar with institutions and processes in the domain of international relations, along with the foreign policy of major powers including India.

SECOND SEMESTER

COURSE NO: PLS-203 Rural Society, Politics and Administration in India

[GROUP-A]

		No. of Classes
1.	Understanding Rural Society in India- Economic and Political	08
	life of Rural People: A Brief Profile.	
2.	Indian Villages: The Changing Pattern- Caste, Class Structure	07
	and Inequality.	
3.	Rural Society and Agrarian Change: Basic Issues- Land Reforms	06
	and Rural Development.	
4.	Rural Development in India: Approaches, Policies and	09
	Strategies.	

[GROUP-B]

		No. of Classes
5.	District Administration in India: Colonial Legacies; Role,	80
	Functions and Challenges to District Administration.	
6.	District Planning and Plan Administration: Concept of	80
	Decentralized Planning; Evolution and Methodology.	
7.	Rural Development Administration in India: Origin and	07
	Growth, the Rural Development Bureaucracy and State - The	

role of ICT.

8. Panchayati Raj in India: Evolution, Institutional innovations for grassroots decentralization.

Recommended Readings:

- A. Vinayak Reddy et. al. (ed.) Rural Development in India: Policies and Initiatives
- A.K. Dubey, District Administration in India
- A.R. Desai, Rural India in Transition
- A.R. Desai, Rural Sociology in India
- Alexander R Thomas et. al., Critical Rural Theory: Structure, Scope, Culture
- K.L. Sharma, Social Inequality in India: Profiles of Caste, Class and Social Mobility
- Katar Singh, Rural Development in India
- Manish Thakur, Indian Village: A Conceptual History
- S.C. Dube, Indian Village
- S.L. Doshi and P. C. Jain, Rural Sociology
- S.R. Maheswari, Rural Development in India

Sanhita Joshi, Rethinking Panchayati Raj

Course Outcome: The course facilitates a better understanding of rural society, politics and administration In India.

COURSE NO: C-PLS 204 (under CBCS) - Elective Course (50 marks) SECOND SEMESTER Indian Constitution and Government

[GROUP-A]

		No. of Classes
1.	Making of the Indian Constitution: Role of the Constituent	06
	Assembly.	
2.	The Preamble and its Significance.	06
3.	Fundamental Rights and Duties.	12
4.	Directive principles of the State Policy.	06
	[GROUP-B]	
		No. of Classes
5.	Executive: President and Prime Minister; Governor and Chief	08
	Minister – Power and Functions.	
6.	Legislature: Union Parliament and State Legislative Assemblies	08
	- Composition and Functions.	
7.	Judiciary: Supreme Court and High Courts: Composition,	08
	Jurisdiction and Role.	
8.	Election Commission: Composition and Functions.	06

Recommended Readings:

M. V. Pylee, India's Constitution.

SubhasKashyap, Our Constitution

- S. L. Sikri, Indian Government and Politics
- D. Basu, Introduction to Indian Constitution
- J. C. Johari, Indian Government and Politics

Sakti Mukherjee and Indrani Mukherjee, The Constitution of India

Course Outcome: The course is designed to familiarise the students with the nature and scope of India constitution and different institutions.

COURSE NO: PLS-205 MODERN STATE AND ITS CONTEMPORARY CHALLENGES [GROUP-A]

1.	Globalisation and the Challenges to State Sovereignty:	No. of Classes 10
١.	Economic, Political, Military and Cultural Dimensions.	10
2	Identities and the Challenges to Integrity of nation-states: An	06
	Overview.	
3	Development and Displacement: Key Issues.	06
4	Internal Displacement: the UN General Principles on Internally	08
	Displaced Persons (IDPs).	
	[GROUP-B]	
5	Refugees, Borders and Forced Migration.	10
6	The Refugee Regime after Second World War- UNHCR – Legal	08
	and Implementing Instruments.	
7	State, Media and Democracy.	06
8	Climatic Displacements- Global Environmental Regimes.	06

Recommended Readings:

David Held (ed.), Political Theory Today

John Agnew, Globalisation and Sovereignty

Benedict Anderson, Imagined Communities: Reflections on the Origins and Spread of Nationalism

Charles Taylor Multiculturalism

Charles Taylor, Multiculturalism: Examining the Politics of Recognition

Nancy Fraser and Axel Honneth, Redistribution or Recognition? A Political Philosophical

Exchange

David Miller, Principles of Social Justice

David Harvey, Social Justice and the City

RanabirSamaddar, The Marginal Nation: Trans-border Migration from Bangladesh to

West Bengal

RanabirSamaddar, Refugees and the State

SibajiPratimBasu (ed.), The Fleeing People of South Asia

Paula Banerjee, SabyasachiBasu Ray Chaudhury and Samir Kumar Das, Internal

Displacement in South Asia

Sanjay Chaturvedi, Climate Terror: A Critical Geopolitics of Climate Change

Course Outcome: The coursemakes the students aware of the contemporary

challenges that modern states face in term of globalization, identity politics,

displacement, forced migration, border crises, media and global environmental

regions.

THIRD SEMESTER

COURSE NO: PLS-301

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND INDIAN PRACTICES

[GROUP-A]

16

1	Fire lating of Dublic Advantage of participation	No. of Classes
1.	Evolution of Public Administration as an academic	09
	discipline:Major Paradigms – Scientific Management, Human	
	Relations Approach, Development Administration and its critique.	
2.	Weber and Post-Weberian concepts of Organization: Decision	08
	Making and Bounded Rationality (Herbert Simon); Chief	
	Executive and Leadership (Chester Bernard).	
3.	New Public Management (NPM) and Public Choice Approach:	06
	Entrepreneurial Government (EG) and Managerialism. The	
	Governance discourse: Administrative Accountability and	
	Transparency.	
4.	From Government to Governance: Structural, Behavioural and	07
	Procedural Changes. E-governance and Digitalization of Public	
	System Management:Public Service Delivery; Role of NGOs; and	
	the PPP model.	
	[GROUP-B]	
		No. of
5.	Constitutional Arrangements on Indian Administration –	Classes 07
J.	Towards Bureaucratic Reforms and Challenges of Development;	07
,	Administrative Reforms: ARC-I (1966-70) &ARC-II (2005).	0/
6.	Inclusive Governance and Empowerment: Women, SC, ST and	06
7	the Recognition of Marginalized Groups in India.	00
7.	Ministry-Administration Relations: Determining Factors.	80
	Political-Administrative Corruption and itscorrective	
	Mechanisms: CVC, CBI, NIC&RTI.	
8.	Impact of Globalization, Liberalization and Privatization on	09
	Indian Administration.Indian Administration and the 'Good	
	Governance' agenda: Recommendations of the Conference of	
	Chief Secretaries and Chief Ministers (1996-97); and of ARC II	

(2005)

Recommended Readings:

M. P. Sharma and B. L. Sadana, *Public Administration in Theory and Practice*Mohit Bhattacharyya, *Restructuring Public Administration: Essays in Rehabilitation*Nicholas Henry, *Public Administration and Public Affairs*George H Frederickson & Ghere, Richard K. (ed.), *Ethics in Public Management*Paul Collins (ed.), *Public Administration in the New Century: A Concise Introduction*Kathe Callahan, *Elements of Effective Governance: Measurement*, *Accountability and Participation*

J. Satyanarayana, E-Government: The Science of Possible RenuKhator (ed.), Public Administration in the Global Village

Arora, R. K. and Sangeeta Sharma (ed.), Comparative and Development Administration, Idea and Actions

S. R. Maheshwari, Indian Administration

Mohit Bhattacharyya and BidyutChakraborty, Public Administration – A Reader

DeveshKapur and PratapBhanu Mehta, Public Institutions in India: Performance and

Design

Vinod Mehta (ed.), Reforming Administration in India

Course Outcome: This course seeks to inquire the working of the government – both in classical terms and contemporary challenges.

COURSE NO: PLS-302 LIBERAL POLITICAL THEORIES

[GROUP-A]

1.	Liberalism in the pre-modern and early modern period.	No. of Classes 10
2.	Liberalism and the Enlightenment	04
3.	Liberalism in the nineteenth century – Basic tenets of Classical	10
	Liberalism	

4. Debates on Liberal Democracy –liberal democracy and the 06 theory of welfare state: contributions of Amartya Sen.

[GROUP-B]

		No. of Classes
5.	Postliberal theories of Democracy: contributions of C.B.	10
	Macpherson and Robert Dahl.	
6.	Contemporary Liberal and Neo-liberal theories: contributions	10
	of John Rawls and Robert Nozick.	
7.	Liberal-communitarian debate.	05
8.	Liberalism: The Marxist Critique	05

Recommended Readings:

C. B. Macpherson, Democratic Theory: Essays in Retrieval

Robert Dahl, On Democracy

Bhiku Parekh, Contemporary Political Theories

John Rawls, A Theory of Justice

David Held, Political Theory and the Modern State

David Held, Modern Theory of State

W. Kymlicka, Contemporary Political Philosophy: An Introduction

SushilaRamaswamy, Political Theory: Ideas and Concepts.

John Gray, Liberalism

Andrew Heywood, Political Theory

Hall and Ikenberry, The State

Andrew Vincent, Theories of the State

Course Outcome: The course intends to familiarise the students with liberal and post-liberal political theories.

COURSE NO: PLS-303 MARXIST AND RADICAL THEORIES: CONTEMPORARY TRENDS

[GROUP-A]

		No. of Classes
1.	Contextualising Marx: Socio-historical and intellectual roots; Philosophical issues: Dialectics as a method of understanding social	10
	reality- contentious legacies of Hegel and Feurbach; Marxist concepts of (i) ideology, (ii) alienation, and (iii) praxis.	
2.	Marxism after Marx – varieties of Marxism – an overview – contributions of Lenin and Trotsky.	08
3.	Marxism of Antonio Gramsci: Concept of Hegemony – Strategy of Revolution – role of intellectuals and the party.	06
4.	Marxism and Structuralism: Althusser's reading of Marx-the epistemological break –Althusser on superstructure, state and ideology.	06

[GROUP-B]

		No. of Classes
5.	Marxism and the Third World: Contributions of Mao Ze Dong and	07
	CheGuavara.	
6.	Post Colonial Political Theory: key issues; Meaning of Orientalism;	80
	Contributions and Critique of Edward Said.	
7.	Emerging Issues in Contemporary Radical Theories (i) Ecologism,	07
	and (ii) Multi-culturalism.	
8.	Feminist Political Theory: Feminism: Problems of definition; basic	80
	issues, origin and development of feminist thought; current	
	feminist viewpoints: an overview.	

Recommended Readings:

T. B. Bottomore et.al (eds.), A Dictionary of Marxist Thought

David McLellan, Marxism after Marx (New Edition)

R. Meszaros, Marxist Theory of Alienation

L. Kolakowski, Main Currents of Marxism (3 volumes)

Joseph Femia, Gramsci's Political Thought

ManoranjanMohanty, Political Philosophy of Mao Tse Tung

Michael Lowy, Marxism of Che Guevara

Alan Finlayson (ed.) Contemporary Political Thought: A Reader & Guide

Edward Said, Orientalism

Bart Moore Gilbert, Postcolonial Theory: Contexts, Practices, Politics

Timothy Doyle and Dong McEachern, Environment and Politics
Chris Beasley, What is Feminism? An Introduction to Feminist Theory

Course Outcome: This course hovers around the contours of Marxism classical and contemporary; and also of radical theories like post-colonialism, feminism and critical ecology.

COURSE NO.:PLS-304 (under CBCS) POLITICS IN THE CONTEMPORARY WORLD: ISSUES AND INSTITUTION

[GROUP - A]

		No. of Classes
1.	Human Rights : Concepts and Practices	10
2.	Green Politics : Ideas and Issues	06
3.	Gender and Politics : Major issues	07
4.	Terrorism: Different types and challenges	07

[GROUP - B]

		No. of Classes
5.	The UNO: Objectives – major organs	80
6.	SAARC as a regional organization	04
7.	Foreign policy: principles and objectives- with special reference	10

to India.

8. Globalization: Concept and salient features.

80

Recommended Readings:

AneekChaterjee, International Relations Today: Concepts and Applications

Peu Ghosh, International Relations

RumkiBasu, The United Nations

Sakti Mukherjee & Indrani Mukherjee, International Relations

Robert Jackson & George Sorensen, Introduction to International Relations: Theories and

Approaches, Third Indian Edition

Vinay Kumar Malhotra, International Relations

Course Outcome: This course aims to deal with issues and institutions in the contemporary world.

COURSE NO: PLS- 305 RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

[GROUP-A]

01	The nature of Scientific Research: Philosophical and Empirical Approaches.	80
02	Importance of studying Research Methodology.	04
03	Role of Theory in Social Science Research: Science, Theory and Fact – their interrelationships.	12
04	Place of values in Social Science Research.	06
	[GROUP-B]	
05	[GROUP-B] Building Blocks of Theory: Concepts, Variables and Hypothesis.	08
05 06	- · · ·	08 08
	Building Blocks of Theory: Concepts, Variables and Hypothesis. Research Design:-Meaning, Function and Goals of Research	•

Recommended Readings:

Martin Hollis, Philosophy of Social Science

Janet B. Johnson and H T Reynolds, Political Science Research Methods

Peter Burnham et al., Research Methods in Politics

Sandra Halperin and Oliver Heath, Political Research: Methods and Practical Skills

Rakhahari Chatterjee, Methods of Political Enquiry

Ram Ahuja, Research Methods in Social Sciences

Goode and Hatt, Methods in Social Science Research

Howard Lune, Enrique S. Pumar& Ross Koppel (eds.), *Perspectives in Social Science Research and Analysis*

PerttiAlsuutari, Leonard Bickman and Julia Brannen, *The SAGE Handbook in Social Research Methods*

Leonard Cargan, Doing Social Research

Patrick Mcneill and Steve Chapman, Research Methods

Peter H Mann, Methods of Social Investigation

Course Outcome: The course is designed to make the students aware about the philosophy and logic of scientific enquiry as well as train them up in the basic methods of social science research.

FOURTH SEMESTER COURSE NO: PLS- 401 MAJOR POLITICAL THINKERS: TEXTUAL READINGS

[GROUP - A]

- 1. Tagore
- 2. Gandhi
- 3. Rokeya
- 4. Ambedkar

[GROUP - B]

- 5. Rachel Carson
- 6. Michel Foucault
- 7. Habermas
- 8. Charles Taylor

Course Outcome: This course intends to acquaint students with classical texts of select Indian and Western thinkers.

FOURTH SEMESTER COURSE NO: PLS- 402 DISSERTATION & VIVA

Course Outcome: This course aims to impart writing skills and critical thinking among the students.

FOURTH SEMESTER SPECIAL GROUP LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS COURSE NO: PLS- 403 (LGP) CONCEPTS &THEORIES

[GROUP - A]

		No. of
		Classes
1.	Local Government and Local Politics	09
2.	Approaches to the study of Local Government.	08
3.	The debate between Centralization and Decentralization.	06
4.	Decentralization, Development and People's Participation.	07

[GROUP-B]

No. of Classes Liberal Theories of Local Government: Mill, Bryce and Tocqueville.
 Gandhi's perspective on Local Government.
 Local Government and Democracy: The Localist view, Dual State Thesis, Local State Thesis.
 Typology of Local Government: the basic patterns.

Recommended Readings

Dennis A. Rondinelli& G Shabbir Cheema, Decentralization in Developing Countries

Brian C. Smith, Decentralization

Jones & Stewart, The Case for Local Government

Garry stoker, The Politics of Local Government

Harold Alderfer, Local Government in Developing Countries

Cynthia Cockburn, The Local State

Manuel Castells, The Urban Question

James Bryce, Modern Democracies

J.S.Mill, The Representative Government

Aleix De Tocqueville, Democracy in America, (Vol-I)

BishawjitMallick (Bangladesh), Local People's Institution

S.N. Jha& P. C. Mathur, Decentralization and Local Politics

Desmond King & Gerry Stoker, Rethinking Local Democracy

Course Outcome: This course seeks to introduce students with various theoretical issues on local government and politics.

COURSE NO: PLS-404 (LGP)

LOCAL GOVERNMENTS: ISSUES AND PROBLEMS [GROUP-A]

		No. of Classes
1.	Trends in Local Government: Changing Role and Relationship:	10
	from Local Government to Local Governance.	
2.	Institution Building in Local Government: Empowerment and	06
	Enabling Concepts.	
3.	Choice between Local Administration and Local Government:	06
	the Determining Consideration.	
4.	Globalization and Local Governments: The Changing Scenario.	08

[GROUP-B]

		No. of
		Classes
5.	Public Service and Local Democracy.	80
6.	Local Democracy and Political Parties.	08
7.	Local Governance and Environment Management	07
8.	The Future of Local Governments: Contemporary Debates.	07

Recommended Readings

Jones and Steward, The Case of Local Government

Michael Charke and John Steward, Choices for Local Government

Pratchett and David Wilson, Local Democracy and Local Government

Richard Kerley, Managing in Local Government

Sue Goss, Making Local Government Work

David Wilson & Chris Game, The Future of Local Government

Gerry Stoker, The Politics of Local Government

HeroldAlderfer, Local Government in Developing Countries

Dhirendra Vajpai (ed.), Local Government & Politics in the Third World

Mohit Bhattacharya, Development Administration

Course Outcome: The course intends to engage students with important issues and challenges in respect of local government.

COURSE NO: PLS-405 (LGP) LOCAL GOVERNANCE IN INDIA (WithSpecial Emphasis on West Bengal)

[GROUP-A: Rural Governance]

		No. of Classes
1.	Scope and Significance of Rural Governance in India.	10
2.	Personnel Administration in Rural Local Government - PRI	10
	and personnel administration in West Bengal.	
3.	Finance of Rural Local Government - the State Finance	06
	Commission and Fiscal Devolution.	
4.	State Control of PRIs in India – the issue of Autonomy of rural	04
	local government.	

[GROUP-B: Urban Governance]

		No. of Classes
5.	Significance of Urban Governance in the context of rapid global	10
	urban transformation (with special emphasis on developing	
	countries).	
6.	Urban Politics in India – Nature and Scope – issues of 'linkage'	04
	and 'autonomy'.	
7.	Urban Environment Management – major issues – towards	06
	Sustainable Cities.	
8.	Politics of urban development in post-independent India: An	10
	Overview.	

Recommended Readings:

Asok Kumar Mukhopadhaya, Panchayat Administration in West Bengal

PravatDatta, Panchayats, Rural Development and Local Autonomy

Buddhadeb Ghosh and Girish Kumar, State Politics and Panchayats in India

Dwaipayan Bhattacharya, Local Governance in India: Decentralization and Beyond

G. K. Lieten, Continuity and Change in Rural West Bengal

G. K. Lieten, Development, Devolution and Democracy: Village Discourses in West Bengal

G. K. Lieten, Power, Politics and Rural Development: Essays on India

S. N. Jha and P. C. Mathur (eds.), Decentralization and Local Politics

Mohit Bhattacharya, Urban Government

Joseph Gugler (ed.), The Urban Transformation of the Developing World

BidyutMohanty (ed.), Urbanisation in Developing Countries

Manuel Castells, The Urban Question

D.B. Rosenthal (ed.) The City in Indian Politics

Marina R. Pinto, Metropolitan City Governance in India

Course Outcome: The purpose of this course is to acquaint students with the process of rural and urban local governance in India, with special emphasis on West Bengal.

FOURTH SEMESTER SPECIAL GROUP SOCIETY AND POLITICS IN SOUTH ASIA (SPSA)

COURSE NO: PLS- 403 (SPSA) MAJOR ISSUES IN SOUTH ASIAN POLITICS

[GROUP-A]

No. of

Classes

1.	South Asia as a Regional Entity – Geostrategic Significance.	06
2.	Democracy, Nationalism and Process of Nation Building.	08
3.	Security in South Asia – Trends and Directions.	08
4.	Islamic Extremism and its Challenges.	08

[GROUP-B]

		No. of
		Classes
5.	Nuclear Issues in South Asia.	06
6.	Environmental Issues in South Asia: Contemporary Trends.	10
7.	Refugees in South Asian Scenario.	08
8.	Cooperation and Conflict among the South Asian States: Major	06
	Issues.	

Recommended Readings

Vandana A and Henry C. Shukla, Security in South Asia: Trends and Directions
RafiqDossani and Henry S Rowen (ed.), Prospects for Peace in South Asia
Deepak K Singh, Stateless in South Asia: The Chakmas between Bangalesh and India
UrmilaPhandnis, Ethnicity and Nation-building in South Asia

B. M. Jain and Eva-Maria Hexamer, Nuclearisation in South Asia

A. R. Momin (ed.), Diversity, Ethnicity and Identity

Marlene Laruelle et al., China and India in Central Asia: A New Great Game

Itty Abraham, The Making of the Indian Atomic Bomb: Science, Secrecy and the Post-Colonial State

T.V. Paul South Asia's Weak State

ParthaPratimBasu et al, Democracy and Democratisation in 21st Century NavinMurshid, The Politics of Refugees in South Asia **Course Outcome:** The course is designed to make students familiar with the major issues in South Asian politics.

COURSE NO: PLS-404 (SPSA) CIVIL SOCIETY IN SOUTH ASIA

[GROUP-A]

		No. of
		Classes
1.	Making Civil Society in South Asia - Civil Society and its	80
	Fragments.	
2.	Civil Society in India: An Overview of Contemporary Trends.	80
3.	Youth and Political Engagement in Sri Lanka.	06
4.	NGOs, Donors and the State of Bangladesh.	80

[GROUP-B]

		No. of
		Classes
5.	Ethno – Nationalist Movements – its nature.	06
6.	Civil Society and Hindu Nationalism – Select Case Studies.	10
7.	Civil Society, Transnational Connections and ethnic activism in	08
	Sri Lanka, Nepal and India.	
8.	Civil Society and Dalit Activism –India and Nepal.	06

Recommended Readings:

David N. Gellner (ed.), Ethnic Activism and Civil Society in South Asia

David N. Gellner (ed.), Varieties of Activist Experience Civil Society in South Asia David Lewis, Bangladesh: Politics, Economy and Civil Society

NeeraChandhoke, State and Civil Society: Explorating in Political Theory

Kousar J. Azam (ed.), Ethnicity, Identity and the State in South Asia

RamachandraGuha, The Silent Woods

S. L. Sharma & T. K. Oommen (ed.), Nation and National Identity in South Asia

- S. L. Sharma & T. K. Oommen (ed.), Nation and National Identity in South Asia RamchandraGuha, Patriots & Partisans
- S. L. Sharma & T. K. Oommen (ed.), Nation and National Identity in South Asia
- G. K. Rathod (ed.), Civil Society: Views and Reviews

Course Outcome:The course examines the usefulness of the idea of civil society in critical ways, in the context of rising ethno-nationalism in South Asia.

COURSE NO: PLS- 405 (SPSA)

SOCIAL AND POLITICAL CHANGES IN SOUTH ASIA [GROUP-A]

		No. of
		Classes
1.	Movement for Pakistan: Historico-political background.	08
	Democratic Movements: various phases.	
2.	Nature of Society and Economy of East Pakistan: a brief	08
	background.Birthof Bangladesh and its Aftermath.	
3.	Politics of Contemporary Nepal: the Post Monarchy phase.	09
4.	Democratic Movements in Bhutan - Nature of the Bhutanese	05
	Politics and Society.	

[GROUP-B]

		No. of
		Classes
5.	Society and Economy in Sri Lanka - Left Movement in Sri	10
	Lanka; JVP movement.	
6.	Socio-PoliticalChanges in Maldives.	06
7.	Re-structuring of Afghanistan: Role of International Agencies.	06
8.	Anti-Corruption Movements in India: An Overview.	08

Recommended Readings:

Ahmed S. Hashim, When Counter Insurgency Wins: Srilanka's Defeat of the Tamil Tigers

Christophe Jaffrelot, Pakistan At the Crossroads: Domestic Dynamic and External Pressures

David N Gellner (ed.) Ethnic Activism and Civil Society in South Asia

David N. Gellner, Varieties of Activist Experience: Civil Society in South Asia

John Robinson, The Maldives: Islamic Republic, Tropical Autocracy

MahendraLawati, Towards a Democratic Nepal

ManoranjanMohantyet. al. (ed.) People's Right, Social Movements and the State in

Third World

Sallahuddin Ahmed, Bangladesh: Past and Present

SonamKinga, Polity, Kinship and Democracy: A Biography of the Bhutanese State

Tan TaiYong (ed.) South Asia: Societies in Political and Economic Transition.

Thomas Berfield, Afghanistan: A Cultural and Political History

ZoyaHasan (ed.) Democracy in Muslim Society: The Asian Experience

Course Outcome: The aim of this course is to familiarize the students about the social and political changes in South Asia.