

Vidyasagar University

Curriculum for B.Sc (Honours) in Physics [Choice Based Credit System]

Semester-IV

Course	Course Code	Name of the Subjects	Course Type/ Nature	Teaching Scheme in hour per week			Credit	Marks
				L	T	P		
CC-8		C8T: Mathematical Physics III	Core Course - 8	4	0	0	6	75
		C8P: Practical		0	0	4		
CC-9		C9T: Elements of Modern Physics	Core Course - 9	4	0	0	6	75
		C9P: Practical		0	0	4		
CC-10		C10T: Analog Systems and Applications	Core Course - 10	4	0	0	6	75
		C10P: Practical		0	0	4		
GE-4	TBD		Generic Elective-4				4/5	75
							2/1	
SEC-2		SEC2: Computational Physics Or Basic Instruments Skill Or Renewable Energy & Energy Harvesting Or Applied Optics	Skill Enhancement Course-2	1	0	2	2	50
Semester Total							26	350

L=Lecture, **T**= Tutorial, **P**=Practical, **CC** = Core Course, **GE**= Generic Elective, **SEC** = Skill Enhancement Course, **TBD** = to be decided

Generic Elective (GE) (Interdisciplinary) from other Department [**Four papers are to be taken and each paper will be of 6 credits**] [Papers are to be taken from any of the following discipline: **Mathematics/Chemistry/Computer Science/Statistics/Geology/Electronics/Bio-technology**]

Modalities of selection of Generic Electives (GE): A student shall have to choose **04** Generic Elective (GE1 to GE4) strictly from **02** subjects / disciplines of choice taking exactly **02** courses from each subjects of disciplines. Such a student shall have to study the curriculum of Generic Elective (GE) of a subject or discipline specified for the relevant semester.

Semester-IV Core Course (CC)

CC-8: Mathematical Physics III

Credits 06

C8T: Mathematical Physics III	Credits 04
Complex Analysis	
Brief Revision of Complex Numbers and their Graphical Representation. Euler's formula, De Moivre's theorem, Roots of Complex Numbers. Functions of Complex Variables. Analyticity and Cauchy-Riemann Conditions. Examples of analytic functions. Singular functions: poles and branch points, order of singularity, branch cuts. Integration of a function of a complex variable. Cauchy's Inequality. Cauchy's Integral formula. Simply and multiply connected region. Laurent and Taylor's expansion. Residues and Residue Theorem. Application in solving Definite Integrals.	
Integrals Transforms	
Fourier Transforms: Fourier Integral theorem. Fourier Transform. Examples. Fourier transform of trigonometric, Gaussian, finite wave train & other functions. Representation of Dirac delta function as a Fourier Integral. Fourier transform of derivatives, Inverse Fourier transform, Convolution theorem. Properties of Fourier transforms (translation, change of scale, complex conjugation, etc.). Three dimensional Fourier transforms with examples. Application of Fourier Transforms to differential equations: One dimensional Wave and Diffusion/Heat Flow Equations.	
Matrices	
Addition and Multiplication of Matrices. Null Matrices. Diagonal, Scalar and Unit Matrices. Upper-Triangular and Lower-Triangular Matrices. Transpose of a Matrix. Symmetric and Skew-Symmetric Matrices. Conjugate of a Matrix. Hermitian and Skew- Hermitian Matrices. Singular and Non-Singular matrices. Orthogonal and Unitary Matrices. Trace of a Matrix. Inner Product	
Eigen-values and Eigenvectors	
Cayley- Hamilton Theorem. Diagonalization of Matrices. Solutions of Coupled Linear Ordinary Differential Equations. Functions of a Matrix.	
Reference Books	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Mathematical Methods for Physics and Engineers, K.F Riley, M.P. Hobson and S. J. Bence, 3rd ed., 2006, Cambridge University Press▶ Mathematics for Physicists, P. Dennery and A.Krzywicki, 1967, Dover Publications▶ Complex Variables, A.S.Fokas & M.J.Ablowitz, 8th Ed., 2011, Cambridge Univ. Press▶ Complex Variables, A.K. Kapoor, 2014, Cambridge Univ. Press▶ Complex Variables and Applications, J.W. Brown & R.V. Churchill, 7th Ed. 2003, Tata McGraw-Hill▶ First course in complex analysis with applications, D.G. Zill and P.D. Shanahan, 1940, Jones & Bartlett	

Mathematical Physics III

List of Practical

1. Solve differential equations:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{-x} \text{ with } y = 0 \text{ for } x = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + e^{-x} = x^2$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 2 \frac{dy}{dt} = -y$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + e^{-t} \frac{dy}{dt} = -y$$

2. Dirac Delta Function:

Evaluate $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \int e^{\frac{-(x-2)^2}{2\sigma^2}} (x+3) dx$, for $\sigma=1, .1, .01$ and show it tends to 5

3. Fourier Series

Program to sum $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (.2)^n$ Evaluate the Fourier coefficients of a given periodic function (square wave)

4. Frobenius method and Special functions:

$$\int_{-1}^{+1} P_n(\mu) P_m(\mu) d\mu = \delta_{n,m}$$

Plot $P_n(x)$, $j_v(x)$

Show recursion relation

5. Calculation of error for each data point of observations recorded in experiments done in previous semesters (choose any two).
6. Calculation of least square fitting manually without giving weightage to error. Confirmation of least square fitting of data through computer program.
7. Evaluation of trigonometric functions e.g. $\sin \theta$, Given Bessel's function at N points find its value at an intermediate point. Complex analysis: Integrate $1/(x^2+2)$ numerically and check with computer integration
8. Compute the nth roots of unity for $n = 2, 3$, and 4.
9. Find the two square roots of $-5+12j$.
10. Integral transform: FFT of e^{-x^2}

Reference Books

- ▶ Mathematical Methods for Physics and Engineers, K.F Riley, M.P. Hobson and S. J. Bence, 3rd ed., 2006, Cambridge University Press
- ▶ Mathematics for Physicists, P. Dennery and A. Krzywicki, 1967, Dover Publications
- ▶ Simulation of ODE/PDE Models with MATLAB®, OCTAVE and SCILAB: Scientific and Engineering Applications: A. Vande Wouwer, P. Saucez, C. V. Fernández. 2014 Springer
- ▶ A Guide to MATLAB, B.R. Hunt, R.L. Lipsman, J.M. Rosenberg, 2014, 3rd Edn., Cambridge University Press
- ▶ https://web.stanford.edu/~boyd/ee102/laplace_ckts.pdf
- ▶ <https://ocw.nthu.edu.tw/ocw/upload/12/244/12handout.pdf>

CC-9: Elements of Modern Physics

Credits 06

C9T: Elements of Modern Physics	Credits 04
Unit 1	
Planck's quantum, Planck's constant and light as a collection of photons; Blackbody Radiation: Quantum theory of Light; Photo-electric effect and Compton scattering. De Broglie wavelength and matter waves; Davisson-Germer experiment. Wave description of particles by wave packets. Group and Phase velocities and relation between them. Two-Slit experiment with electrons. Probability. Wave amplitude and wave functions.	
Unit 2	
Position measurement- gamma ray microscope thought experiment; Wave-particle duality, Heisenberg uncertainty principle (Uncertainty relations involving Canonical pair of variables): Derivation from Wave Packets impossibility of a particle following a trajectory; Estimating minimum energy of a confined particle using uncertainty principle; Energy-time uncertainty principle- application to virtual particles and range of an interaction.	
Two slit interference experiment with photons, atoms and particles; linear superposition principle as a consequence; Matter waves and wave amplitude; Schrodinger equation for non-relativistic particles; Momentum and Energy operators; stationary states; physical interpretation of a wave function, probabilities and normalization; Probability and probability current densities in one dimension.	
Unit 3	
One dimensional infinitely rigid box- energy eigenvalues and eigenfunctions, normalization; Quantum dot as example; Quantum mechanical scattering and tunnelling in one dimension-across a step potential & rectangular potential barrier.	
Size and structure of atomic nucleus and its relation with atomic weight; Impossibility of an electron being in the nucleus as a consequence of the uncertainty principle. Nature of nuclear force, NZ graph, Liquid Drop model: semi-empirical mass formula and binding energy, Nuclear Shell Model and magic numbers.	
Unit 4	
Radioactivity: stability of the nucleus; Law of radioactive decay; Mean life and half-life; Alpha decay; Beta decay- energy released, spectrum and Pauli's prediction of neutrino; Gamma ray emission, energy-momentum	
Conservation: electron-positron pair creation by gamma photons in the vicinity of a nucleus.	
Fission and fusion- mass deficit, relativity and generation of energy; Fission - nature of fragments and emission of neutrons. Nuclear reactor: slow neutrons interacting with Uranium 235; Fusion and thermonuclear reactions driving stellar energy (brief qualitative discussions).	
Lasers: Einstein's A and B coefficients. Metastable states. Spontaneous and Stimulated emissions. Optical Pumping and Population Inversion. Three-Level and Four-Level Lasers. Ruby Laser and He-Ne Laser. Basic	

lasing.

Reference Books

- ▶ Concepts of Modern Physics, Arthur Beiser, 2002, McGraw-Hill.
- ▶ Introduction to Modern Physics, Rich Meyer, Kennard, Coop, 2002, Tata McGraw Hill
- ▶ Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, David J. Griffith, 2005, Pearson Education.
- ▶ Physics for scientists and Engineers with Modern Physics, Jewett and Serway, 2010, Cengage Learning.
- ▶ Modern Physics, G. Kaur and G.R. Pickrell, 2014, McGraw Hill
- ▶ Quantum Mechanics: Theory & Applications, A.K. Ghatak & S. Lokanathan, 2004, Macmillan

Additional Books for Reference

- ▶ Modern Physics, J.R. Taylor, C.D. Zafiratos, M.A. Dubson, 2004, PHI Learning.
- ▶ Theory and Problems of Modern Physics, Schaum's outline, R. Gautreau and W. Savin, 2nd Edn, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.
- ▶ Quantum Physics, Berkeley Physics, Vol.4. E.H. Wichman, 1971, Tata McGraw-Hill Co.
- ▶ Basic ideas and concepts in Nuclear Physics, K.Heyde, 3rd Edn., Institute of Physics Pub.
- ▶ Six Ideas that Shaped Physics: Particle Behave like Waves, T.A. Moore, 2003, McGraw Hill

List of Practical

1. Measurement of Planck's constant using black body radiation and photo-detector
2. Photo-electric effect: photo current versus intensity and wavelength of light; maximum energy of photo-electrons versus frequency of light
3. To determine work function of material of filament of directly heated vacuum diode.
4. To determine the Planck's constant using LEDs of at least 4 different colours.
5. To determine the wavelength of H-alpha emission line of Hydrogen atom.
6. To determine the ionization potential of mercury.
7. To determine the absorption lines in the rotational spectrum of Iodine vapour.
8. To determine the value of e/m by (a) Magnetic focusing or (b) Bar magnet.
9. To setup the Millikan oil drop apparatus and determine the charge of an electron.
10. To show the tunneling effect in tunnel diode using I-V characteristics.
11. To determine the wavelength of laser source using diffraction of single slit.
12. To determine the wavelength of laser source using diffraction of double slits.
13. To determine (1) wavelength and (2) angular spread of He-Ne laser using plane diffraction grating

Reference Books

- ▶ Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House
- ▶ Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- ▶ A Text Book of Practical Physics, I.Prakash & Ramakrishna, 11th Edn, 2011, Kitab Mahal

CC-10: Analog Systems and Applications

Credits 06

C10T: Analog Systems and Applications	Credits 04
Semiconductor Diodes	
P and N type semiconductors. Energy Level Diagram. Conductivity and Mobility, Concept of Drift velocity. PN Junction Fabrication (Simple Idea). Barrier Formation in PN Junction Diode. Static and Dynamic Resistance. Current Flow Mechanism in Forward and Reverse Biased Diode. Drift Velocity. Derivation for Barrier Potential, Barrier Width and Current for Step Junction. Current Flow Mechanism in Forward and Reverse Biased Diode.	
Two-terminal Devices and their Applications	
Rectifier Diode: Half-wave Rectifiers. Centre-tapped and Bridge Full-wave Rectifiers, Calculation of Ripple Factor and Rectification Efficiency, C-filter	
Zener Diode and Voltage Regulation. Principle and structure of (1) LEDs, (2) Photodiode and (3) Solar Cell.	
Bipolar Junction transistors	
n-p-n and p-n-p Transistors. Characteristics of CB, CE and CC Configurations. Current gains α and β Relations between α and β . Load Line analysis of Transistors. DC Load line and Q-point. Physical Mechanism of Current Flow. Active, Cutoff and Saturation Regions.	
Field Effect transistors	
Basic principle of operations only.	
Amplifiers	
Amplifiers: Transistor Biasing and Stabilization Circuits. Fixed Bias and Voltage Divider Bias. Transistor as 2-port Network. h-parameter Equivalent Circuit. Analysis of a single-stage CE amplifier using Hybrid Model. Input and Output Impedance. Current, Voltage and Power Gains. Classification of Class A, B & C Amplifiers. Frequency response of a CE amplifier.	
Coupled Amplifier: Two stage RC-coupled amplifier.	
Feedback in Amplifiers: Effects of Positive and Negative Feedback on Input Impedance, Output Impedance, Gain, Stability, Distortion and Noise.	
Sinusoidal Oscillators: Barkhausen's Criterion for self-sustained oscillations. RC Phase shift oscillator, determination of Frequency. Hartley & Colpitts oscillators.	
Operational Amplifiers (Black Box approach): Characteristics of an Ideal and Practical Op-Amp. (IC 741) Open-loop and Closed-loop Gain. Frequency Response. CMRR. Slew Rate and concept of Virtual ground.	
Applications of Op-Amps: Linear - (1) Inverting and non-inverting amplifiers, (2) Adder, (3) Subtractor, (4) Differentiator, (5) Integrator, (6) Log amplifier, (7) Zero crossing detector (8) Wein bridge oscillator. Non-	

linear – (1) inverting and non-inverting comparators, (2) Schmidt triggers.

Conversion: Resistive network (Weighted and R-2R Ladder). Accuracy and Resolution. A/D Conversion (successive approximation)

Reference Books

- ▶ Integrated Electronics, J. Millman and C.C. Halkias, 1991, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- ▶ Electronics: Fundamentals and Applications, J.D. Ryder, 2004, Prentice Hall.
- ▶ Solid State Electronic Devices, B.G. Streetman & S.K. Banerjee, 6th Edn., 2009, PHI Learning
- ▶ Electronic Devices & circuits, S. Salivahanan & N.S. Kumar, 3rd Ed., 2012, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
- ▶ OP-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuit, R. A. Gayakwad, 4th edition, 2000, Prentice Hall
- ▶ Microelectronic circuits, A.S. Sedra, K.C. Smith, A.N. Chandorkar, 2014, 6th Edn., Oxford University Press.
- ▶ Electronic circuits: Handbook of design & applications, U.Tietze, C.Schenk, 2008, Springer
- ▶ Semiconductor Devices: Physics and Technology, S.M. Sze, 2nd Ed., 2002, Wiley India
- ▶ Microelectronic Circuits, M.H. Rashid, 2nd Edition, Cengage Learning
- ▶ Electronic Devices, 7/e Thomas L. Floyd, 2008, Pearson India

List of Practical

1. To study V-I characteristics of PN junction diode, and Light emitting diode.
2. To study the V-I characteristics of a Zener diode and its use as voltage regulator.
3. Study of V-I & power curves of solar cells, and find maximum power point & efficiency.
4. To study the characteristics of a Bipolar Junction Transistor in CE configuration.
5. To study the various biasing configurations of BJT for normal class A operation.
6. To design a CE transistor amplifier of a given gain (mid-gain) using voltage divider bias.
7. To study the frequency response of voltage gain of a RC-coupled transistor amplifier.
8. To design a Wien bridge oscillator for given frequency using an op-amp.
9. To design a phase shift oscillator of given specifications using BJT.
10. To study the Colpitt's oscillator.
11. To design a digital to analog converter (DAC) of given specifications.
12. To study the analog to digital convertor (ADC) IC.
13. To design an inverting amplifier using Op-amp (741,351) for dc voltage of given gain
14. To design inverting amplifier using Op-amp (741,351) and study its frequency response
15. To design non-inverting amplifier using Op-amp (741,351) & study its frequency response
16. To study the zero-crossing detector and comparator
17. To add two dc voltages using Op-amp in inverting and non-inverting mode
18. To design a precision Differential amplifier of given I/O specification using Op-amp.
19. To investigate the use of an op-amp as an Integrator.
20. To investigate the use of an op-amp as a Differentiator.
21. To design a circuit to simulate the solution of a 1st/2nd order differential equation.

Reference Books

- ▶ Basic Electronics: A text lab manual, P.B. Zbar, A.P. Malvino, M.A. Miller, 1994, Mc-Graw Hill.
- ▶ OP-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuit, R. A. Gayakwad, 4th edition, 2000, Prentice Hall.
- ▶ Electronic Principle, Albert Malvino, 2008, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- ▶ Electronic Devices & circuit Theory, R.L. Boylestad & L.D. Nashelsky, 2009, Pearson

Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)

SEC-2: Computational Physics

Credits 02

SEC2T: Computational Physics	Credit 01
Introduction	
<p>Importance of computers in Physics, paradigm for solving physics problems for solution. Usage of linux as an Editor. Algorithms and Flowcharts: Algorithm: Definition, properties and development. Flowchart: Concept of flowchart, symbols, guidelines, types. Examples: Cartesian to Spherical Polar Coordinates, Roots of Quadratic Equation, Sum of two matrices, Sum and Product of a finite series, calculation of $\sin(x)$ as a series, algorithm for plotting (1) lissajous figures and (2) trajectory of a projectile thrown at an angle with the horizontal.</p>	
Scientific Programming	
<p>Some fundamental Linux Commands (Internal and External commands). Development of FORTRAN, Basic elements of FORTRAN: Character Set, Constants and their types, Variables and their types, Keywords, Variable Declaration and concept of instruction and program. Operators: Arithmetic, Relational, Logical and Assignment Operators. Expressions: Arithmetic, Relational, Logical, Character and Assignment Expressions. Fortran Statements: I/O Statements (unformatted/formatted), Executable and Non-Executable Statements, Layout of Fortran Program, Format of writing Program and concept of coding, Initialization and Replacement Logic. Examples from physics problems.</p>	
Control Statements	
<p>Types of Logic (Sequential, Selection, Repetition), Branching Statements (Logical IF, Arithmetic IF, Block IF, Nested Block IF, SELECT CASE and ELSE IF Ladder statements), Looping Statements (DO-CONTINUE, DO-ENDDO, DO- WHILE, Implied and Nested DO Loops), Jumping Statements (Unconditional GOTO, Computed GOTO, Assigned GOTO) Subscripted Variables (Arrays: Types of Arrays, DIMENSION Statement, Reading and Writing Arrays), Functions and Subroutines (Arithmetic Statement Function, Function Subprogram and Subroutine), RETURN, CALL, COMMON and EQUIVALENCE Statements), Structure, Disk I/O Statements, open a file, writing in a file, reading from a file. Examples from physics problems.</p>	
Scientific word processing: Introduction to LaTeX	
<p>TeX/LaTeX word processor, preparing a basic LaTeX file, Document classes, Preparing an input file for LaTeX, Compiling LaTeX File, LaTeX tags for creating different environments, Defining LaTeX commands and environments, Changing the type style, Symbols from other languages. Equation representation: Formulae and equations, Figures and other floating bodies, Lining in columns- Tabbing and tabular environment, Generating table of contents, bibliography and citation, Making an index and glossary, List making environments, Fonts, Picture environment and colors, errors.</p>	
Visualization	
<p>Introduction to graphical analysis and its limitations. Introduction to Gnuplot. importance of visualization of computational and computational data, basic Gnuplot commands: simple plots, plotting data from a file,</p>	

saving and exporting, multiple data sets per file, physics with Gnuplot (equations, building functions, user defined variables and functions), Understanding data with Gnuplot

SEC2P: Practical

Credit 01

A: Programming :

1. Exercises on syntax on usage of FORTRAN
2. Usage of GUI Windows, Linux Commands, familiarity with DOS commands and working in an editor to write sources codes in FORTRAN.
3. To print out all natural even/ odd numbers between given limits.
4. To find maximum, minimum and range of a given set of numbers.
5. Calculating Euler number using $\exp(x)$ series evaluated at $x=1$

B: Hands on exercises

1. To compile a frequency distribution and evaluate mean, standard deviation etc.
2. To evaluate sum of finite series and the area under a curve.
3. To find the product of two matrices
4. To find a set of prime numbers and Fibonacci series.
5. To write program to open a file and generate data for plotting using Gnuplot.
6. Plotting trajectory of a projectile projected horizontally.
7. Plotting trajectory of a projectile projected making an angle with the horizontally.
8. Creating an input Gnuplot file for plotting a data and saving the output for seeing on the screen. Saving it as an eps file and as a pdf file.
9. To find the roots of a quadratic equation.
10. Motion of a projectile using simulation and plot the output for visualization.
11. Numerical solution of equation of motion of simple harmonic oscillator and plot the outputs for visualization.
12. Motion of particle in a central force field and plot the output for visualization.

Reference Books

- ▶ Introduction to Numerical Analysis, S.S. Sastry, 5th Edn., 2012, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- ▶ Computer Programming in Fortran 77". V. Rajaraman (Publisher: PHI).
- ▶ LaTeX—A Document Preparation System", Leslie Lamport (Second Edition, Addison-Wesley, 1994).
- ▶ Gnuplot in action: understanding data with graphs, Philip K Janert, (Manning 2010)
- ▶ Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Programming with Fortran, S Lipsdutz and A

Poe, 1986Mc-Graw Hill Book Co.

- ▶ Computational Physics: An Introduction, R.C. Verma, et al. New Age International Publishers, New Delhi(1999)
- ▶ A first course in Numerical Methods, U.M. Ascher and C. Greif, 2012, PHI Learning
- ▶ Elementary Numerical Analysis, K.E. Atkinson, 3 rd Edn., 2007, Wiley India Edition.

Or

SEC-2: Basic Instrumentation Skills

Credits 02

SEC2T: Basic of Measurement	Credit 01
Basic of Measurement	
Instruments accuracy, precision, sensitivity, resolution range etc. Errors in measurements and loading effects. Multimeter: Principles of measurement of dc voltage and dc current, ac voltage, ac current and resistance. Specifications of a multimeter and their significance.	
Electronic Voltmeter	
Advantage over conventional multimeter for voltage measurement with respect to input impedance and sensitivity. Principles of voltage, measurement (block diagram only). Specifications of an electronic Voltmeter/ Multimeter and their significance. AC millivoltmeter: Type of AC millivoltmeters: Amplifier-rectifier, and rectifier- amplifier. Block diagram ac millivoltmeter, specifications and their significance.	
Cathode Ray Oscilloscope	
Block diagram of basic CRO. Construction of CRT, Electron gun, electrostatic focusing and acceleration (Explanation only – no mathematical treatment), brief discussion on screen phosphor, visual persistence & chemical composition. Time base operation, synchronization. Front panel controls. Specifications of a CRO and their significance.	
Use of CRO for the measurement of voltage (dc and ac frequency, time period. Special features of dual trace, introduction to digital oscilloscope, probes. Digital storage Oscilloscope: Block diagram and principle of working.	
Signal Generators and Analysis Instruments	
Block diagram, explanation and specifications of low frequency signal generators. Pulse generator, and function generator. Brief idea for testing, specifications. Distortion factor meter, wave analysis.	
Impedance Bridges & Q-Meters	
Block diagram of bridge: working principles of basic (balancing type) RLC bridge. Specifications of RLC bridge. Block diagram & working principles of a Q- Meter. Digital LCR bridges.	
Digital Instruments	
Principle and working of digital meters. Comparison of analog & digital instruments. Characteristics of a digital meter. Working principles of digital voltmeter.	
Digital Multimeter	
Block diagram and working of a digital multimeter. Working principle of time interval, frequency and period measurement using universal counter/ frequency counter, time- base stability,	

accuracy and resolution.

SEC2P: Practical

Credit 01

A: The test of lab skills will be of the following test items

1. Use of an oscilloscope.
2. CRO as a versatile measuring device.
3. Circuit tracing of Laboratory electronic equipment,
4. Use of Digital multimeter/VTVM for measuring voltages
5. Circuit tracing of Laboratory electronic equipment,
6. Winding a coil / transformer.
7. Study the layout of receiver circuit.
8. Trouble shooting a circuit
9. Balancing of bridges

B: Laboratory Exercises

1. To observe the loading effect of a multimeter while measuring voltage across a low resistance and high resistance.
2. To observe the limitations of a multimeter for measuring high frequency voltage and currents.
3. To measure Q of a coil and its dependence on frequency, using a Q- meter.
4. Measurement of voltage, frequency, time period and phase angle using CRO.
5. Measurement of time period, frequency, average period using universal counter/ frequency counter.
6. Measurement of rise, fall and delay times using a CRO.
7. Measurement of distortion of a RF signal generator using distortion factor meter.
8. Measurement of R, L and C using a LCR bridge/ universal bridge.

C: Open Ended Experiments

1. Using a Dual Trace Oscilloscope

2. Converting the range of a given measuring instrument (voltmeter, ammeter)

Reference Books

- ▶ A text book in Electrical Technology - B L Theraja - S Chand and Co.
- ▶ Performance and design of AC machines - M G Say ELBS Edn.
- ▶ Digital Circuits and systems, Venugopal, 2011, Tata McGraw Hill.
- ▶ Logic circuit design, Shimon P. Vingron, 2012, Springer.
- ▶ Digital Electronics, Subrata Ghoshal, 2012, Cengage Learning.
- ▶ Electronic Devices and circuits, S. Salivahanan & N. S. Kumar, 3rd Ed., 2012, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
- ▶ Electronic circuits: Handbook of design and applications, U. Tietze, Ch. Schenk, 2008, Springer
- ▶ Electronic Devices, 7/e Thomas L. Floyd, 2008, Pearson India

Or

SEC-2: Renewable Energy and Energy Harvesting

Credits 02

SEC2T: Renewable Energy and Energy Harvesting	Credit 01
Fossil fuels and Alternate Sources of energy	
Fossil fuels and nuclear energy, their limitation, need of renewable energy, non-conventional energy sources. An over view of developments in Offshore Wind Energy, Tidal Energy, Wave energy systems, Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion, solar energy, biomass, biochemical conversion, biogas generation, geothermal energy tidal energy, Hydroelectricity.	
Solar energy	
Solar energy, its importance, storage of solar energy, solar pond, non-convective solar pond, applications of solar pond and solar energy, solar water heater, flat plate collector, solar distillation, solar cooker, solar green houses, solar cell, absorption air conditioning. Need and characteristics of photovoltaic (PV) systems, PV models and equivalent circuits, and sun tracking systems.	
Wind Energy harvesting	
Fundamentals of Wind energy, Wind Turbines and different electrical machines in wind turbines, Power electronic interfaces, and grid interconnection topologies.	
Ocean Energy	
Ocean Energy Potential against Wind and Solar, Wave Characteristics and Statistics, Wave Energy Devices.	
Tide characteristics and Statistics, Tide Energy Technologies, Ocean Thermal Energy, Osmotic Power, Ocean Bio-mass.	
Geothermal Energy	
Geothermal Resources, Geothermal Technologies	
Hydro Energy	
Hydropower resources, hydropower technologies, environmental impact of hydro power sources.	
Piezoelectric Energy harvesting	
Introduction, Physics and characteristics of piezoelectric effect, materials and mathematical description of piezoelectricity, Piezoelectric parameters and modeling piezoelectric generators, Piezoelectric energy harvesting applications, Human power	

Electromagnetic Energy Harvesting	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Linear generators, physics mathematical models, recent applications 2. Carbon captured technologies, cell, batteries, power consumption 3. Environmental issues and Renewable sources of energy, sustainability. 	
SEC2P: Practical	Credit 01
Demonstrations and Experiments <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Demonstration of Training modules on Solar energy, wind energy, etc. 2. Conversion of vibration to voltage using piezoelectric materials 3. Conversion of thermal energy into voltage using thermoelectric modules. 	
Reference Books	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Non-conventional energy sources - G.D Rai - Khanna Publishers, New Delhi ▶ Solar energy - M P Agarwal - S Chand and Co. Ltd. ▶ Solar energy - Suhas P Sukhative Tata McGraw - Hill Publishing Company Ltd. ▶ Godfrey Boyle, "Renewable Energy, Power for a sustainable future", 2004, Oxford University Press, in association with The Open University. ▶ Dr. P Jayakumar, Solar Energy: Resource Assesment Handbook, 2009 ▶ J.Balfour, M.Shaw and S. Jarosek, Photovoltaics, Lawrence J Goodrich (USA). ▶ http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Renewable_energy 	

Or

SEC-2: Applied Optics

Credits 02

SEC2T: Applied Optics	Credit 01
1: Sources and Detectors	
Lasers, Spontaneous and stimulated emissions, Theory of laser action, Einstein's coefficients, Light amplification, Characterization of laser beam, He-Ne laser, Semiconductor lasers.	
2: Fourier Optics	
Concept of Spatial frequency filtering, Fourier transforming property of a thin lens	
Fourier Transform Spectroscopy (FTS) is a powerful method for measuring emission and absorption spectra, with wide application in atmospheric remote sensing, NMR spectrometry and	

forensic science.

3: Holography

Basic principle and theory: coherence, resolution, Types of holograms, white light reflection hologram, application of holography in microscopy, interferometry, and character recognition.

4: Photonics: Fibre Optics

Optical fibres and their properties, Principal of light propagation through a fibre, The numerical aperture, Attenuation in optical fibre and attenuation limit, Single mode and multimode fibres, Fibre optic sensors: Fibre Bragg Grating

SEC2P: Practical

Credit 01

A: Experiments on Lasers:

1. Determination of the grating radial spacing of the Compact Disc (CD) by reflection using He-Ne or solid state laser.
2. To find the width of the wire or width of the slit using diffraction pattern obtained by a He-Ne or solid state laser.
3. To find the polarization angle of laser light using polarizer and analyzer
4. Thermal expansion of quartz using laser

B: Experiments on Semiconductor Sources and Detectors

1. V-I characteristics of LED
2. Study the characteristics of solid state laser
3. Study the characteristics of LDR
4. Photovoltaic Cell
5. Characteristics of IR sensor

C: Experiments on Fourier Optics:

1. **Fourier optic and image processing**
 - a. Optical image addition/subtraction
 - b. Optical image differentiation
 - c. Fourier optical filtering
 - d. Construction of an optical 4f system

2. **Fourier Transform Spectroscopy**

To study the interference pattern from a Michelson interferometer as a function of mirror separation in the interferometer. The resulting interferogram is the Fourier transform of the power spectrum of the source. Analysis of experimental interferograms allows one to determine the transmission characteristics of several interference filters. Computer simulation can also be done.

D: Experiments on Holography and interferometry

1. Recording and reconstructing holograms
2. Constructing a Michelson interferometer or a Fabry Perot interferometer
3. Measuring the refractive index of air
4. Constructing a Sagnac interferometer
5. Constructing a Mach-Zehnder interferometer
6. White light Hologram

E: Experiments on Photonics: Fibre Optics

1. To measure the numerical aperture of an optical fibre
2. To study the variation of the bending loss in a multimode fibre
3. To determine the mode field diameter (MFD) of fundamental mode in a single-mode fibre by measurements of its far field Gaussian pattern
4. To measure the near field intensity profile of a fibre and study its refractive index profile
5. To determine the power loss at a splice between two multimode fibre

Reference Books

- ▶ Optical Electronic, A.K. Ghatak & K. Thyagrajan
- ▶ Fundamental of optics, F. A. Jenkins & H. E. White, 1981, Tata McGraw hill.
- ▶ LASERS: Fundamentals & applications, K.Thyagrajan & A.K.Ghatak, 2010, Tata McGraw Hill
- ▶ Fibre optics through experiments, M.R.Shenoy, S.K.Khijwania, et.al. 2009, Viva Books
- ▶ Nonlinear Optics, Robert W. Boyd, (Chapter-I), 2008, Elsevier.
- ▶ Optics, Karl Dieter Moller, Learning by computing with model examples, 2007, Springer.
- ▶ Optical Systems and Processes, Joseph Shamir, 2009, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- ▶ Optoelectronic Devices and Systems, S.C. Gupta, 2005, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- ▶ Optical Physics, A.Lipson, S.G.Lipson, H.Lipson, 4th Edn., 1996, Cambridge Univ. Press

Generic Elective (GE)
[Interdisciplinary for other department]

GE-4: Electricity and Magnetism

Credits 06

GE4T: Electricity and Magnetism	Credits 04
Vector Analysis	
Review of vector algebra (Scalar and Vector product), gradient, divergence, Curl and their significance, Vector Integration, Line, surface and volume integrals of Vector fields, Gauss-divergence theorem and Stoke's theorem of vectors (statement only).	
Electrostatics	
Electrostatic Field, electric flux, Gauss's theorem of electrostatics. Applications of Gauss theorem- Electric field due to point charge, infinite line of charge, uniformly charged spherical shell and solid sphere, plane charged sheet, charged conductor. Electric potential as line integral of electric field, potential due to a point charge, electric dipole, uniformly charged spherical shell and solid sphere. Calculation of electric field from potential. Capacitance of an isolated spherical conductor. Parallel plate, spherical and cylindrical condenser. Energy per unit volume in electrostatic field. Dielectric medium, Polarisation, Displacement vector. Gauss's theorem in dielectrics. Parallel plate capacitor completely filled with dielectric.	
Magnetism	
Magnetostatics: Biot-Savart's law and its applications- straight conductor, circular coil, solenoid carrying current. Divergence and curl of magnetic field. Magnetic vector potential. Ampere's circuital law. Magnetic properties of materials: Magnetic intensity, magnetic induction, permeability, magnetic susceptibility. Brief introduction of dia-, para-and ferro- magnetic materials.	
Electromagnetic Induction	
Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction, Lenz's law, self and mutual inductance, L of single coil, M of two coils. Energy stored in magnetic field.	
Maxwell's equations and Electromagnetic wave propagation	
Equation of continuity of current, Displacement current, Maxwell's equations, Poynting vector, energy density in electromagnetic field, electromagnetic wave propagation through vacuum and isotropic dielectric medium, transverse nature of EM waves, polarization.	
Reference Books	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Electricity and Magnetism, Edward M. Purcell, 1986, McGraw-Hill Education▶ Electricity & Magnetism, J.H. Fewkes & J.Yarwood. Vol. I, 1991, Oxford Univ. Press▶ Electricity and Magnetism, D C Tayal, 1988, Himalaya Publishing House.▶ University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.▶ D.J.Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics, 3rd Edn, 1998, Benjamin Cummings.	

Electricity and Magnetism**List of Practical**

1. To use a Multimeter for measuring
 - a. Resistances
 - b. AC and DC Voltages
 - c. DC Current
 - d. Checking electrical fuses.
2. Ballistic Galvanometer:
 - a. Measurement of charge and current sensitivity
 - b. Measurement of CDR
 - c. Determine a high resistance by Leakage Method
 - d. To determine Self Inductance of a Coil by Rayleigh's Method.
3. To compare capacitances using De'Sauty's bridge.
4. Measurement of field strength B and its variation in a Solenoid (Determine dB/dx)
5. To study the Characteristics of a Series RC Circuit.
6. To study a series LCR circuit LCR circuit and determine its
 - a. Resonant frequency
 - b. Quality factor
7. To study a parallel LCR circuit and determine its:
 - a. Anti-resonant frequency and
 - b. Quality factor Q
8. To determine a Low Resistance by Carey Foster's Bridge.
9. To verify the Thevenin and Norton theorems
10. To verify the Superposition, and Maximum Power Transfer Theorems

Reference Books

- ▶ Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L.Flint & H.T.Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- ▶ Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- ▶ A Text Book of Practical Physics, I.Prakash & Ramakrishna, 11th Ed.2011, Kitab Mahal
- ▶ Engineering Practical Physics, S.Panigrahi & B.Mallick,2015, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.

Or

GE4T: Digital, Analog Circuits and Instrumentation	Credits 04
Digital Circuits	
<p>Difference between Analog and Digital Circuits. Binary Numbers. Decimal to Binary and Binary to Decimal Conversion, AND, OR and NOT Gates (Realization using Diodes and Transistor). NAND and NOR Gates as Universal Gates. XOR and XNOR Gates.</p> <p>De Morgan's Theorems. Boolean Laws. Simplification of Logic Circuit using Boolean Algebra. Fundamental Products. Minterms and Maxterms. Conversion of a Truth Table into an Equivalent Logic Circuit by (1) Sum of Products Method and (2) Karnaugh Map</p> <p>Binary Addition. Binary Subtraction using 2's Complement Method). Half Adders and Full Adders and Subtractors, 4-bit binary Adder-Subtractor.</p>	
Semiconductor Devices and Amplifiers	
<p>Semiconductor Diodes: P and N type semiconductors. Barrier Formation in PN Junction Diode. Qualitative Idea of Current Flow Mechanism in Forward and Reverse Biased Diode. PN junction and its characteristics. Static and Dynamic Resistance. Principle and structure of (1) LEDs, (2) Photodiode, (3) Solar Cell</p> <p>Bipolar Junction transistors: n-p-n and p-n-p Transistors. Characteristics of CB, CE and CC Configurations. Active, Cutoff & Saturation regions Current gains α and β. Relations between α and β. Load Line analysis of Transistors. DC Load line & Q- point. Voltage Divider Bias Circuit for CE Amplifier. H-parameter, Equivalent Circuit. Analysis of single-stage CE amplifier using hybrid Model. Input & output Impedance. Current, Voltage and Power gains. Class A, B & C Amplifiers.</p>	
Operational Amplifiers (Black Box approach)	
<p>Characteristics of an Ideal and Practical Op-Amp (IC 741), Open-loop and closed- loop Gain. CMRR, concept of Virtual ground. Applications of Op-Amps: (1) Inverting and non-inverting Amplifiers, (2) Adder, (3) Subtractor, (4) Differentiator, (5) Integrator, (6) Zero crossing detector.</p> <p>Sinusoidal Oscillators: Barkhausen's Criterion for Self-sustained Oscillations. Determination of Frequency of RC Oscillator</p>	
Instrumentations	
<p>Introduction to CRO: Block Diagram of CRO. Applications of CRO: (1) Study of Waveform, (2) Measurement of Voltage, Current, Frequency, and Phase Difference.</p> <p>Power Supply: Half-wave Rectifiers. Centre-tapped and Bridge Full-wave Rectifiers Calculation of Ripple Factor and Rectification Efficiency, Basic idea about capacitor filter, Zener Diode and Voltage Regulation.</p> <p>Timer IC: IC 555 Pin diagram and its application as Astable and Monostable Multivibrator.</p>	
Reference Books	

- ▶ Integrated Electronics, J. Millman and C.C. Halkias, 1991, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- ▶ Electronic devices & circuits, S. Salivahanan & N.S. Kumar, 2012, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
- ▶ Microelectronic Circuits, M.H. Rashid, 2nd Edn., 2011, Cengage Learning.
- ▶ Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Tech., Helfrick and Cooper, 1990, PHI Learning
- ▶ Digital Principles and Applications, A.P. Malvino, D.P. Leach and Saha, 7th Ed., 2011, Tata McGraw Hill
- ▶ Microelectronic circuits, A.S. Sedra, K.C. Smith, A.N. Chandorkar, 2014, 6th Edn., Oxford University Press.
- ▶ Fundamentals of Digital Circuits, A. Anand Kumar, 2nd Edition, 2009, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- ▶ OP-AMP & Linear Digital Circuits, R.A. Gayakwad, 2000, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.

GE4P: Digital, Analog Circuits and Instruments Lab Credits 02

Digital, Analog Circuits and Instruments

List of Practical

1. To measure (a) Voltage, and (b) Frequency of a periodic waveform using CRO
2. To verify and design AND, OR, NOT and XOR gates using NAND gates.
3. To minimize a given logic circuit.
4. Half adder, Full adder and 4-bit Binary Adder.
5. Adder-Subtractor using Full Adder I.C.
6. To design an astable multivibrator of given specifications using 555 Timer.
7. To design a monostable multivibrator of given specifications using 555 Timer.
8. To study IV characteristics of PN diode, Zener and Light emitting diode
9. To study the characteristics of a Transistor in CE configuration.
10. To design a CE amplifier of given gain (mid-gain) using voltage divider bias.
11. To design an inverting amplifier of given gain using Op-amp 741 and study its frequency response.
12. To design a non-inverting amplifier of given gain using Op-amp 741 and study its Frequency Response.
13. To study Differential Amplifier of given I/O specification using Op-amp.
14. To investigate a differentiator made using op-amp.
15. To design a Wien Bridge Oscillator using an op-amp.

Reference Books

- ▶ Basic Electronics: A text lab manual, P.B. Zbar, A.P. Malvino, M.A. Miller, 1994, Mc-Graw Hill.
- ▶ Electronics: Fundamentals and Applications, J.D. Ryder, 2004, Prentice Hall.
- ▶ OP-Amps & Linear Integrated Circuit, R.A. Gayakwad, 4th Edn, 2000, Prentice Hall.
- ▶ Electronic Principle, Albert Malvino, 2008, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.